

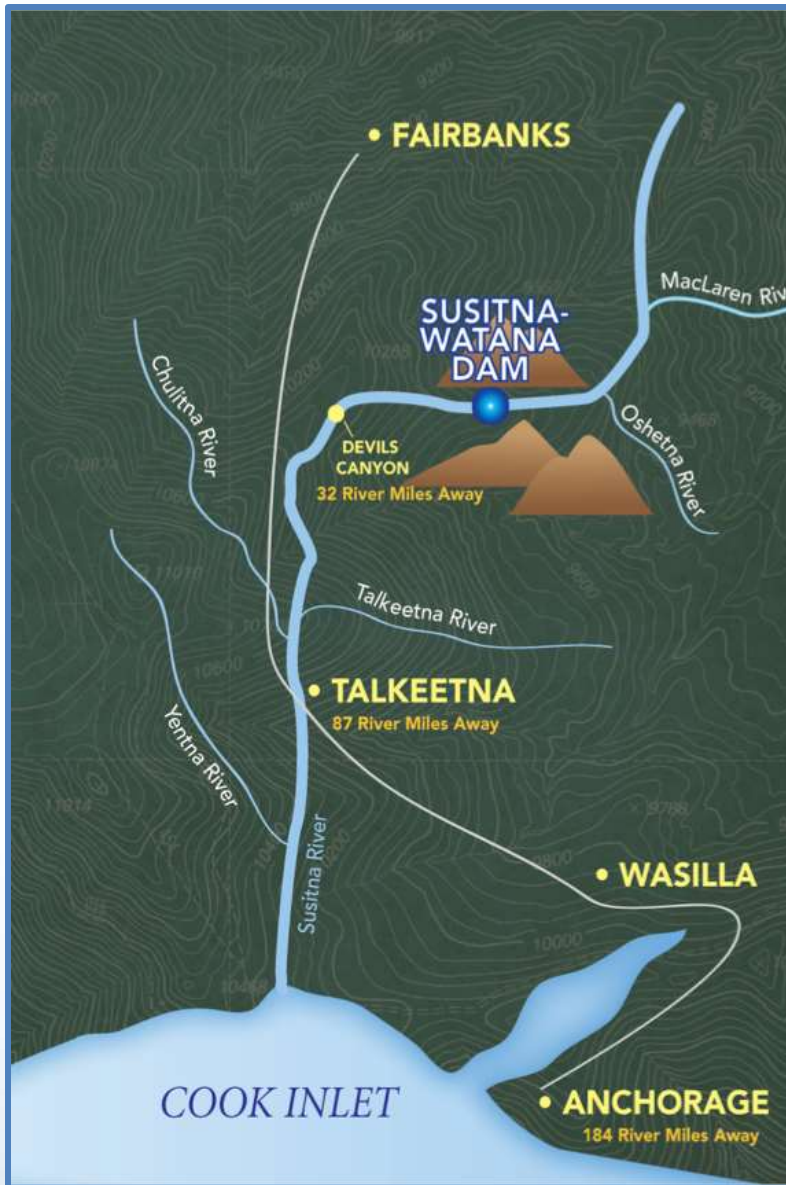
Technical Team Meeting

Riverine Modeling Proof of Concept

Fluvial Geomorphology Modeling

April 15-17, 2014

Prepared by Tetra Tech



 **SUSITNA-WATANA HYDRO** Clean, reliable energy for the next 100 years.

Riverine TT Meeting – Issues Raised

- In addition to velocity and depth, shear stress and Froude number should be included as indicators for spawning suitability.
- In lateral habitats, how will residual flows that are dependent on groundwater be incorporated?
- How will aggradation/degradation, bed mobilization, and geometry changes be incorporated?

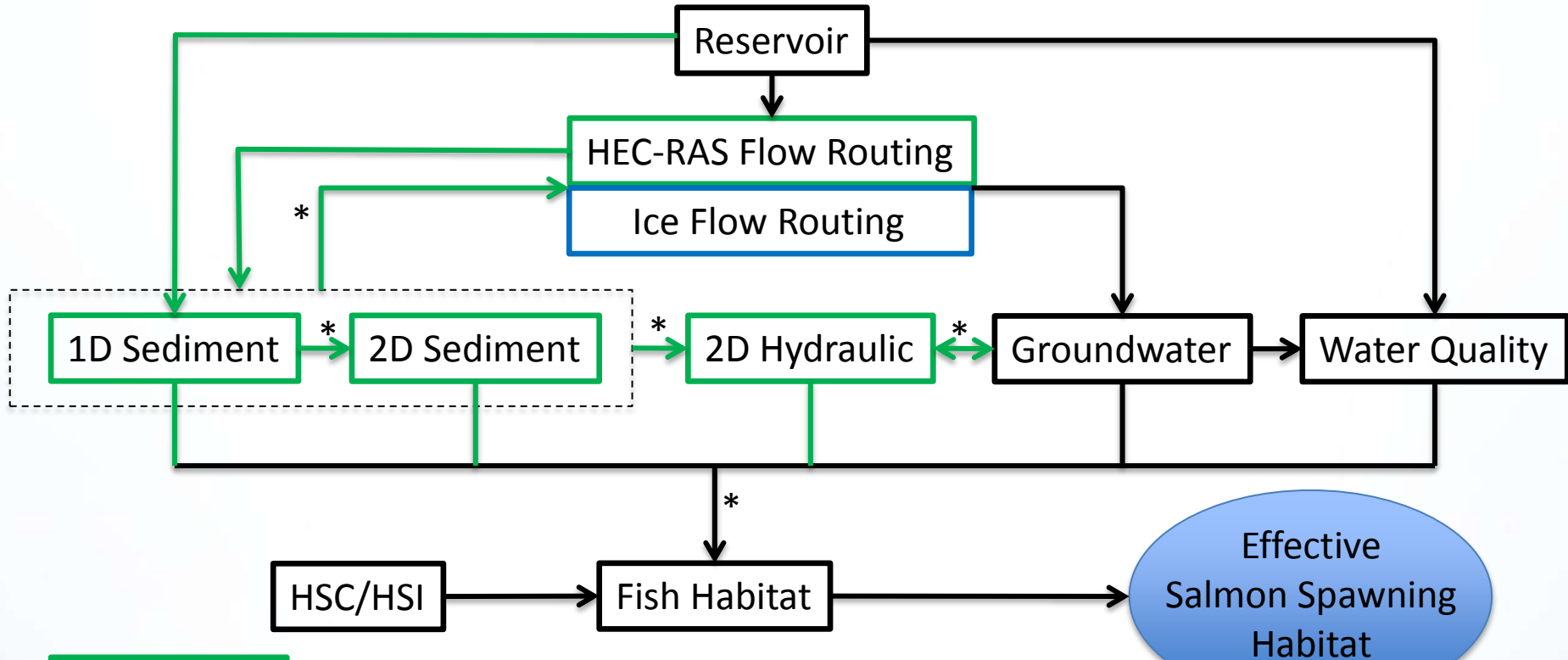
Model Selection Update 2-D

- River-2D limitations
 - Only one sediment input – no tributaries
 - Sediment supply either constant or a percentage of transport capacity
 - Point sources of flow not allowed
- SRH-2D (selected for FGM)
 - None of these limitations identified

Model Selection Update 1-D

- HEC-6T (initially preferred compared to HEC-RAS Version 4.1)
 - Quasi-unsteady (not preferred)
 - Looped network (desired)
- HEC-RAS Version 4.2
 - Fully Dynamic including sediment transport
 - Looped network
 - Superior graphics interface
 - Preferred model depending on performance

FGM Interdependencies Flow Chart



- Open Water
- Ice Cover
- Both or N/A

Operating Scenarios:

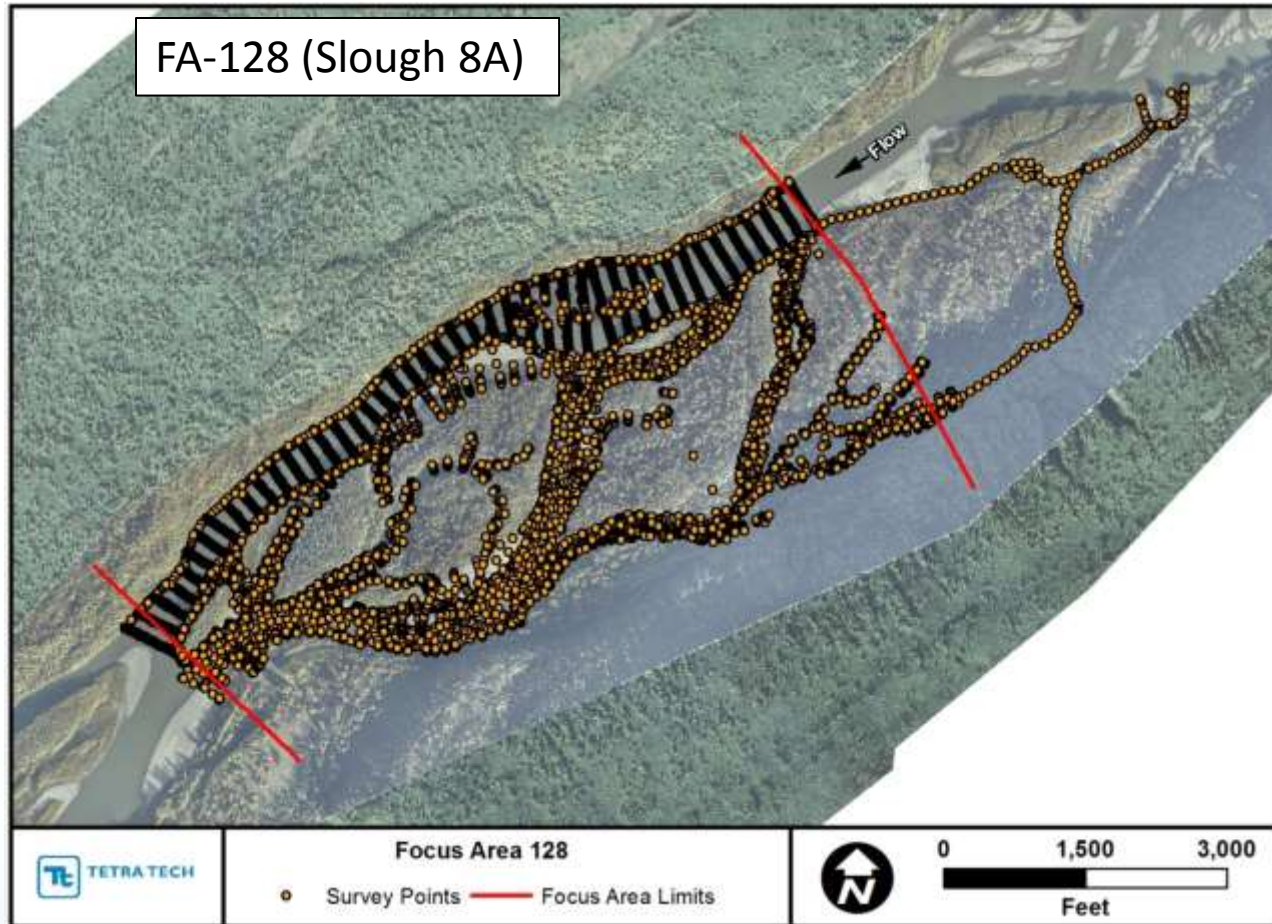
- Base Load
- Intermediate Load Following
- Maximum Load Following
- Run of the River

* (Yrs 25 & 50)

Data for IFS Habitat

Parameter	Parameter Definition
Point_ID	Element ID
Area_ft^2	Area of element (square ft)
Centroid_X_ft	Easting coordinate of element centroid (ft)
Centroid_Y_ft	Northing coordinate of element centroid (ft)
Bed_Elev_ft	Elevation of element centroid (ft)
Water_Elev_ft	Water surface elevation (ft)
Water_Depth_ft	Water depth (ft)
Vel_X_ft_p_s	Velocity component in the X-direction (ft/s)
Vel_Y_ft_p_s	Velocity component in the Y-direction (ft/s)
Vel_Mag_ft_p_s	Velocity magnitude (ft/s)
Froude	Froude number
Strs_lb_p_ft2	Shear Stress (lb/ft^2) (Total shear stress from model Manning n (includes veg.))
Dcrit_mm	Particle size of incipient motion (mm) - Shields Parameter = 0.045
Bed_Strs_lb_p_ft2	Shear Stress (lb/ft^2) (Shear excluding vegetation – Manning n = 0.03)
Dcrit_mm	Particle size of incipient motion (mm) - Shields Parameter = 0.045 (n = 0.03)

Model Development Survey and Bathymetric Data



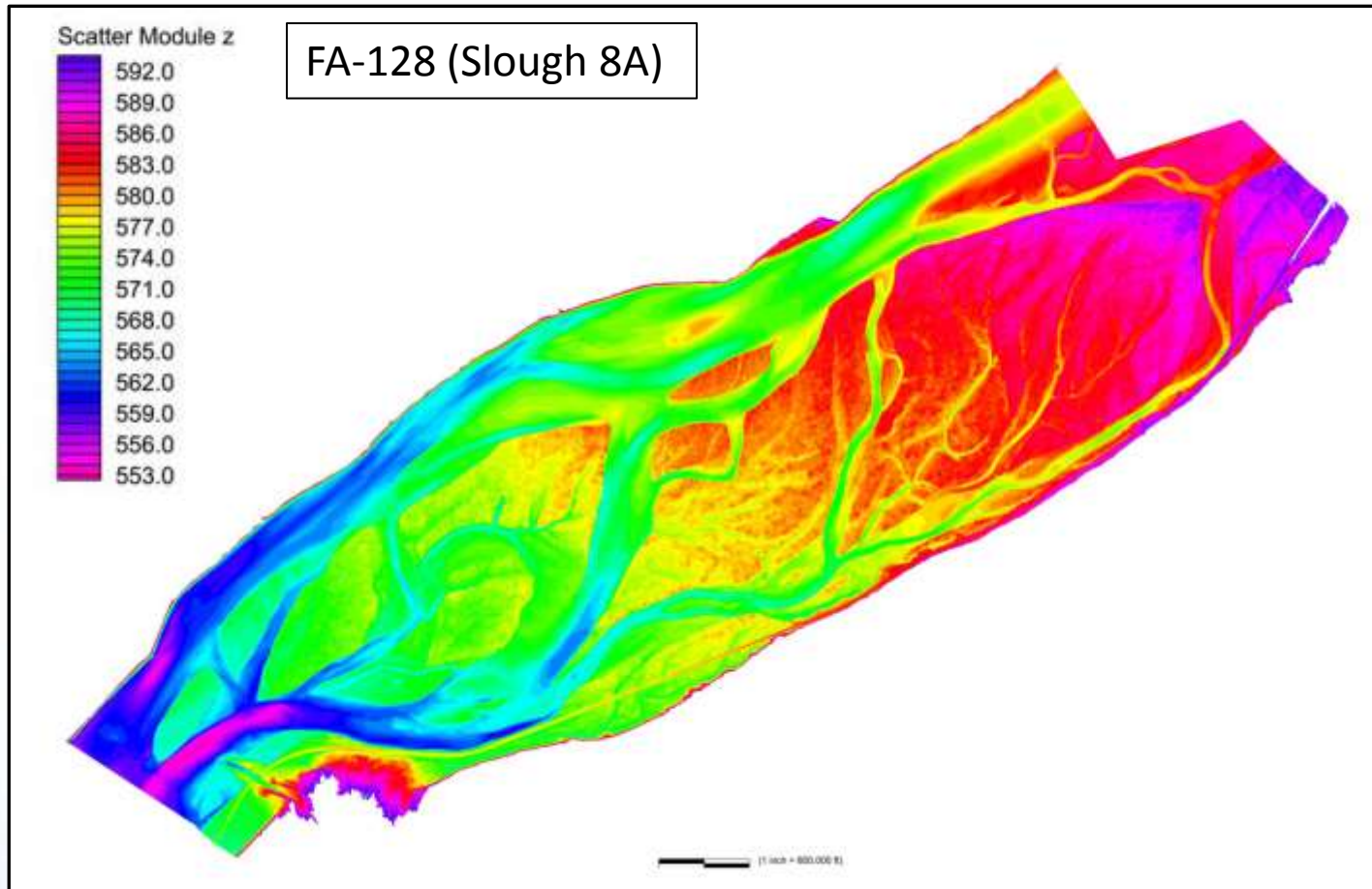
Model Development

Survey and Bathymetric Data - TIN



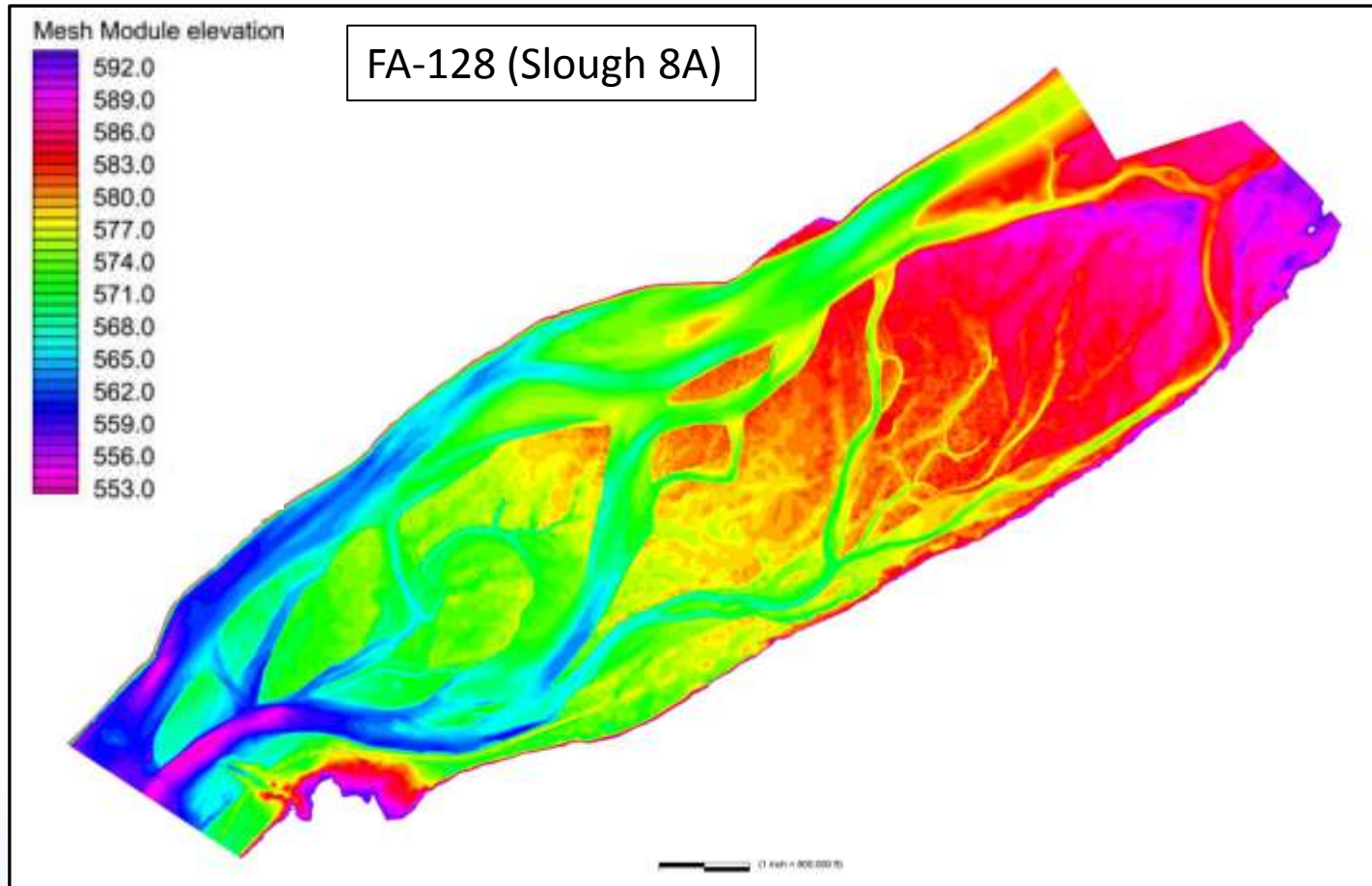
Model Development

TIN contour map (includes LiDAR)



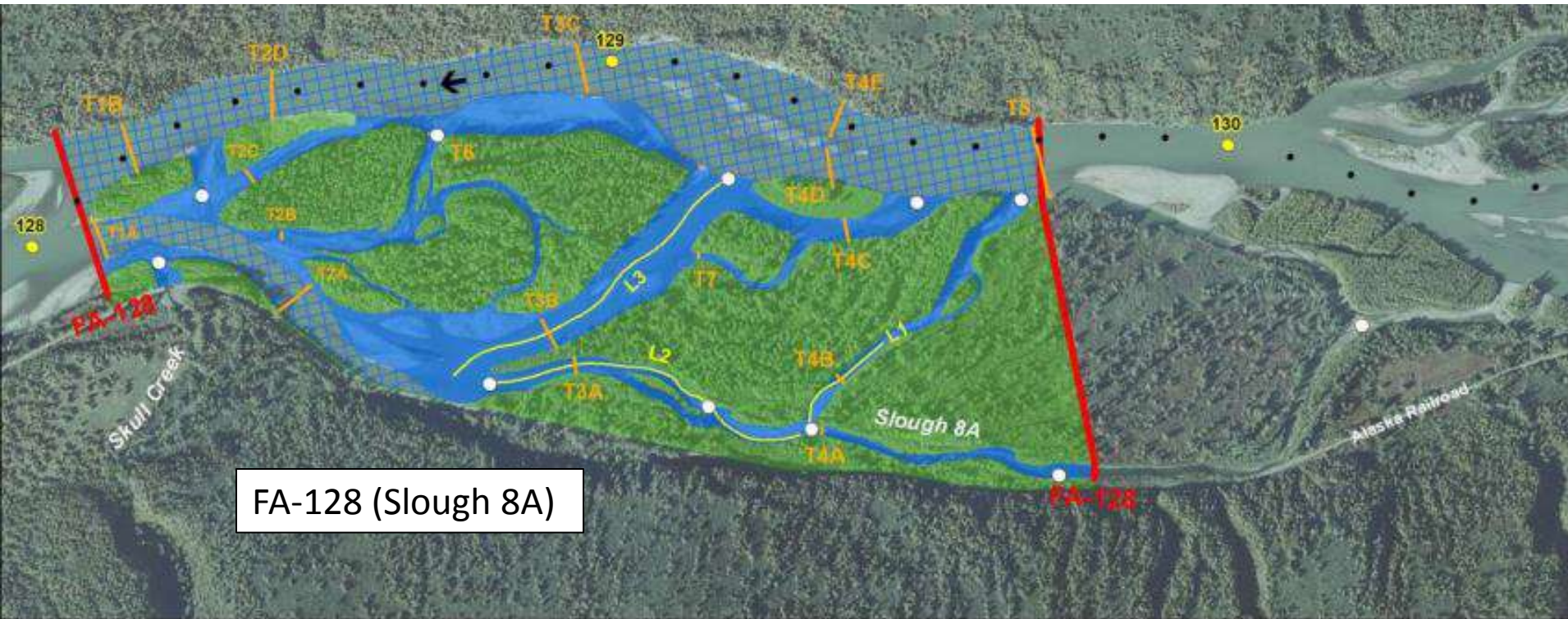
Model Development

Hydraulic Model contour map



Model Development

Coarse and Fine Mesh Criteria



FA-128 (Slough 8A)

Legend

-  2-D Fine Mesh
-  2-D Coarse Mesh (Upland)
-  2-D Model Calibration Transect
-  Project River Mile
-  Channel Inlet/Outlet Measurement



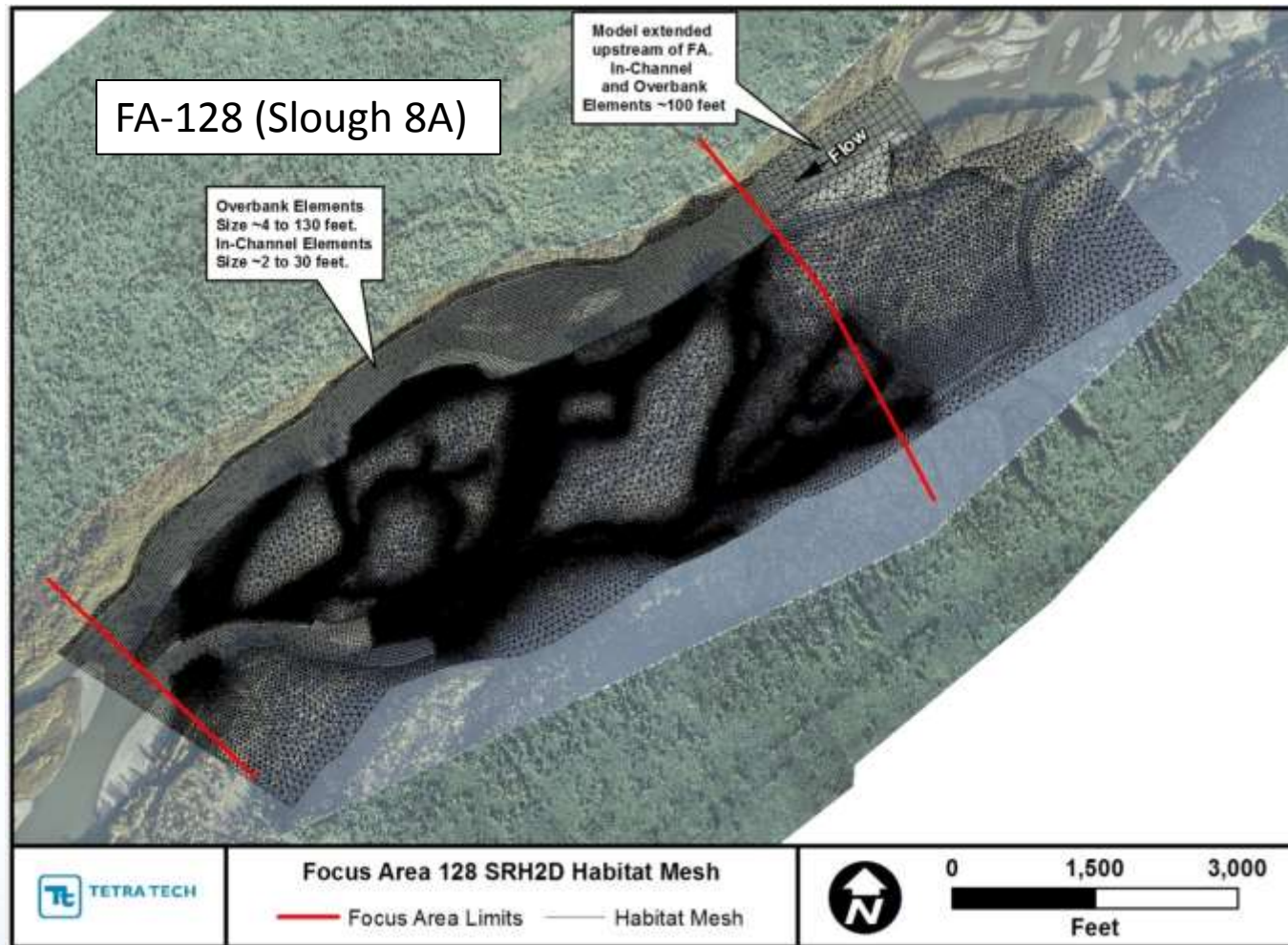
Projection: AK SP Zone 4 NAD 1983
 Date Created: 12/16/2013
 Map Author: R2 - Joëlle Zablotsky
 File: Map_ISR_IFS_2DModel.mxd



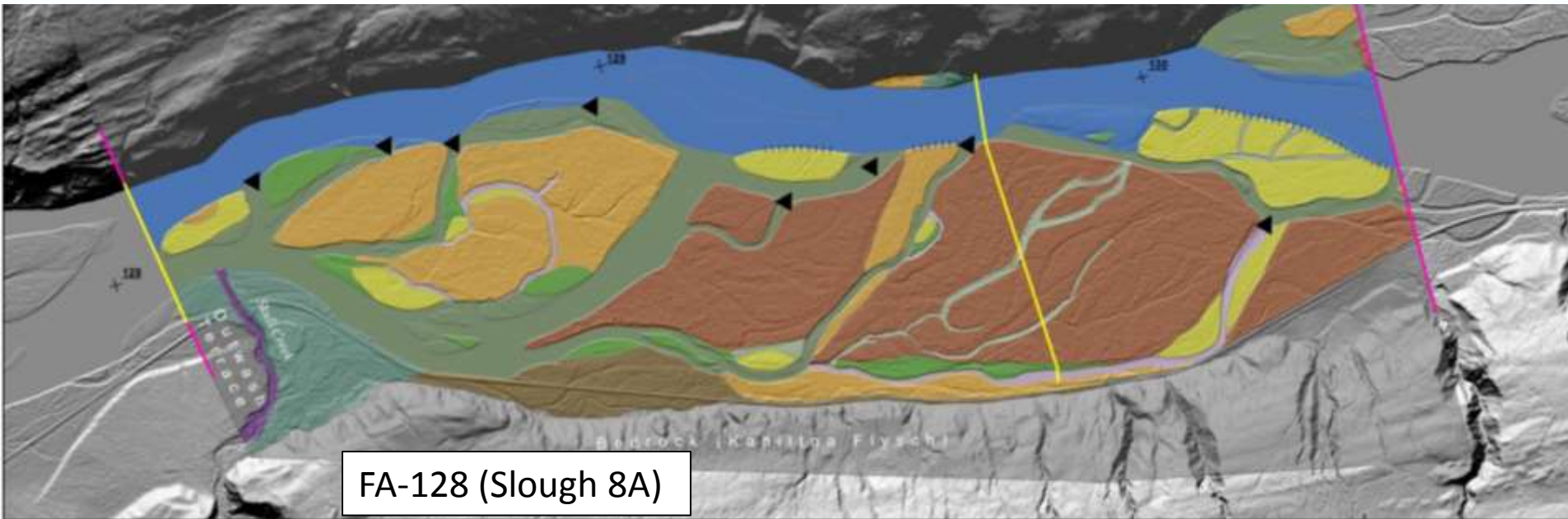
Orthophoto Source: 2012 Tetra Tech, Inc. Data Sources: See Map References

Model Development

Mesh Resolution



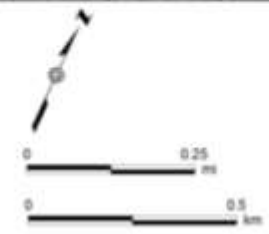
Model Development Geomorphologic Mapping



FA-128 (Slough 8A)

Legend			
X	PRM_Points	Blue double line	Main Channel (MC)
Yellow line	Focus Area	Pink double line	Upland Slough
Pink line	Geomorphic Assessment Area	Purple double line	Tributary
Red dashed line	Eroding Bank	Green double line	Side Channel (SC)
Black triangle	Lateral Control	Light green double line	Vegetated Bar
		Yellow double line	SC Gravel Bar
		Orange double line	Young Floodplain
		Light blue double line	Mature Floodplain
		Brown double line	Old Floodplain
		Light brown double line	Terrace
		Light green double line	Overbank Channel
		Light brown double line	Paleo channel
		Light blue double line	Alluvial Fan

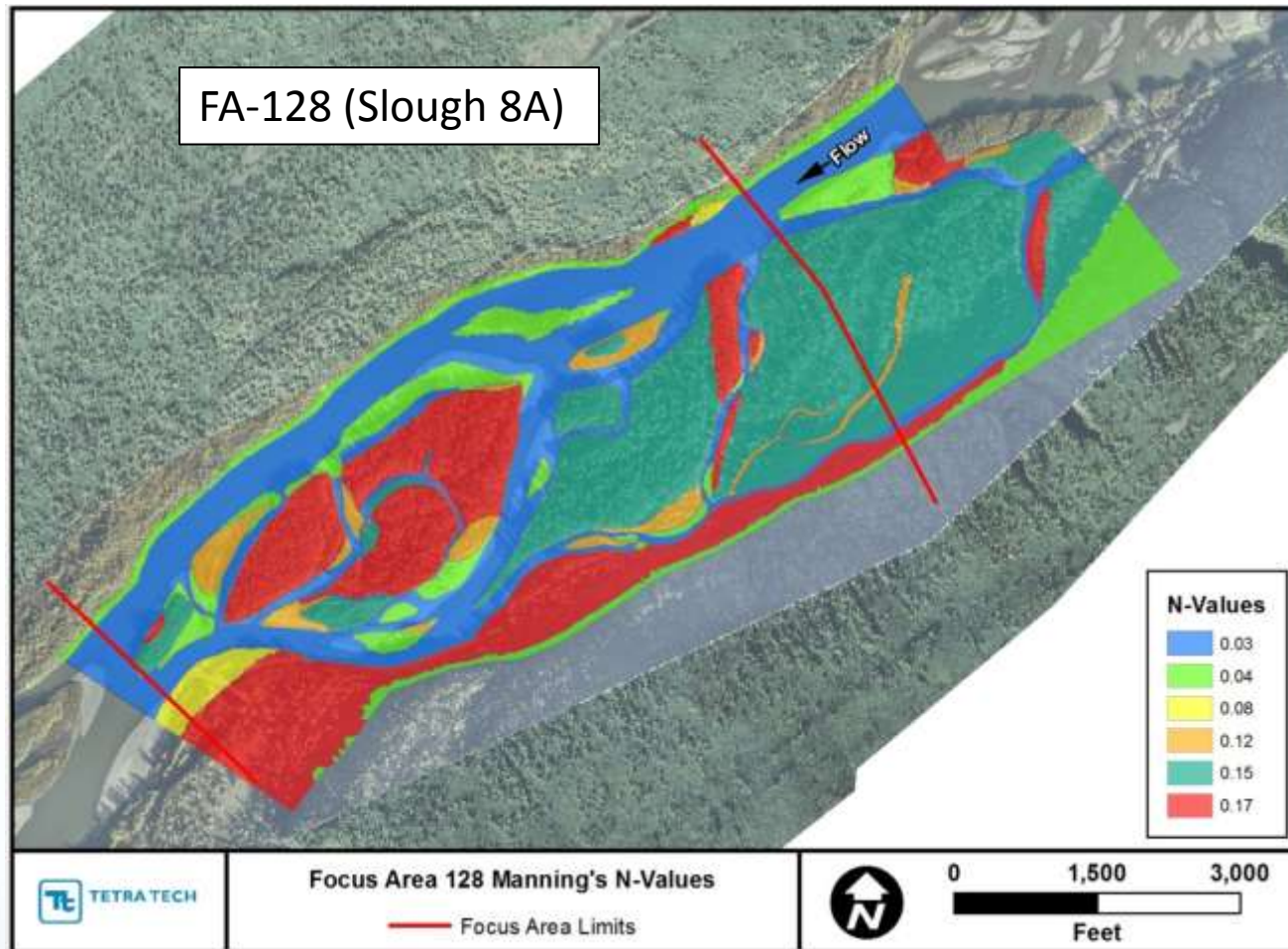
**FA-128 Slough 8A
Geomorphologic Surface Mapping**



ALASKA ENERGY AUTHORITY
Data Sources: See Map References

Projection: NAD_1983_StatePlane_Alaska_4_FPS_3004_Feet
Date Created: 11/22/2013
Map Author: Taha Tech
File: SuWa_H2O_Lands_Terr_GeomSurf_Map_FA128_v01.mxd

Model Development Roughness (Manning's n)

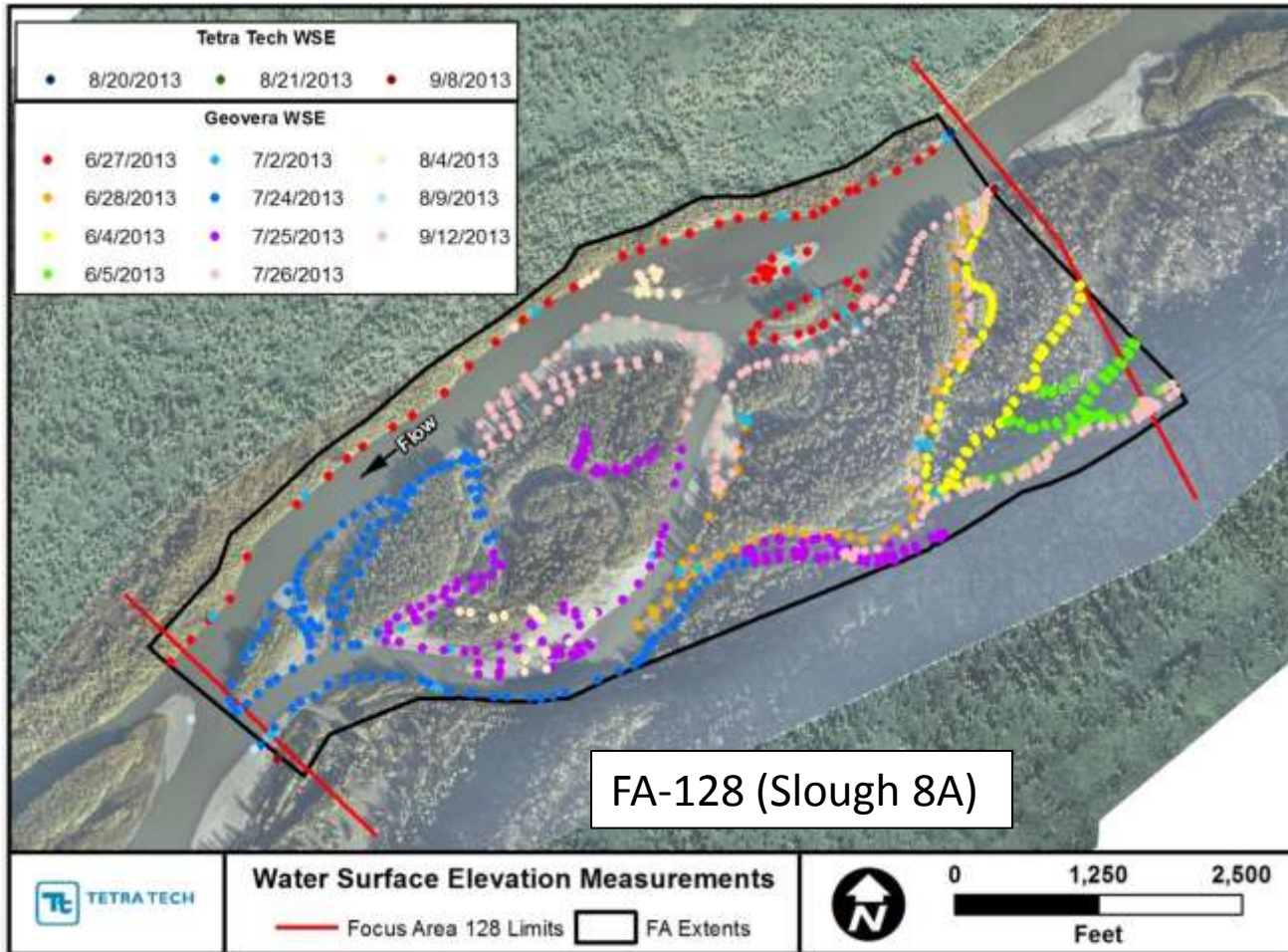


Model Calibration

- Water Surface Elevation Data
 - During ADCP data collection
 - During bathymetric survey
 - Additional points by field crews
- ADCP Data
 - Velocity
 - Discharge distribution in main channel and lateral features

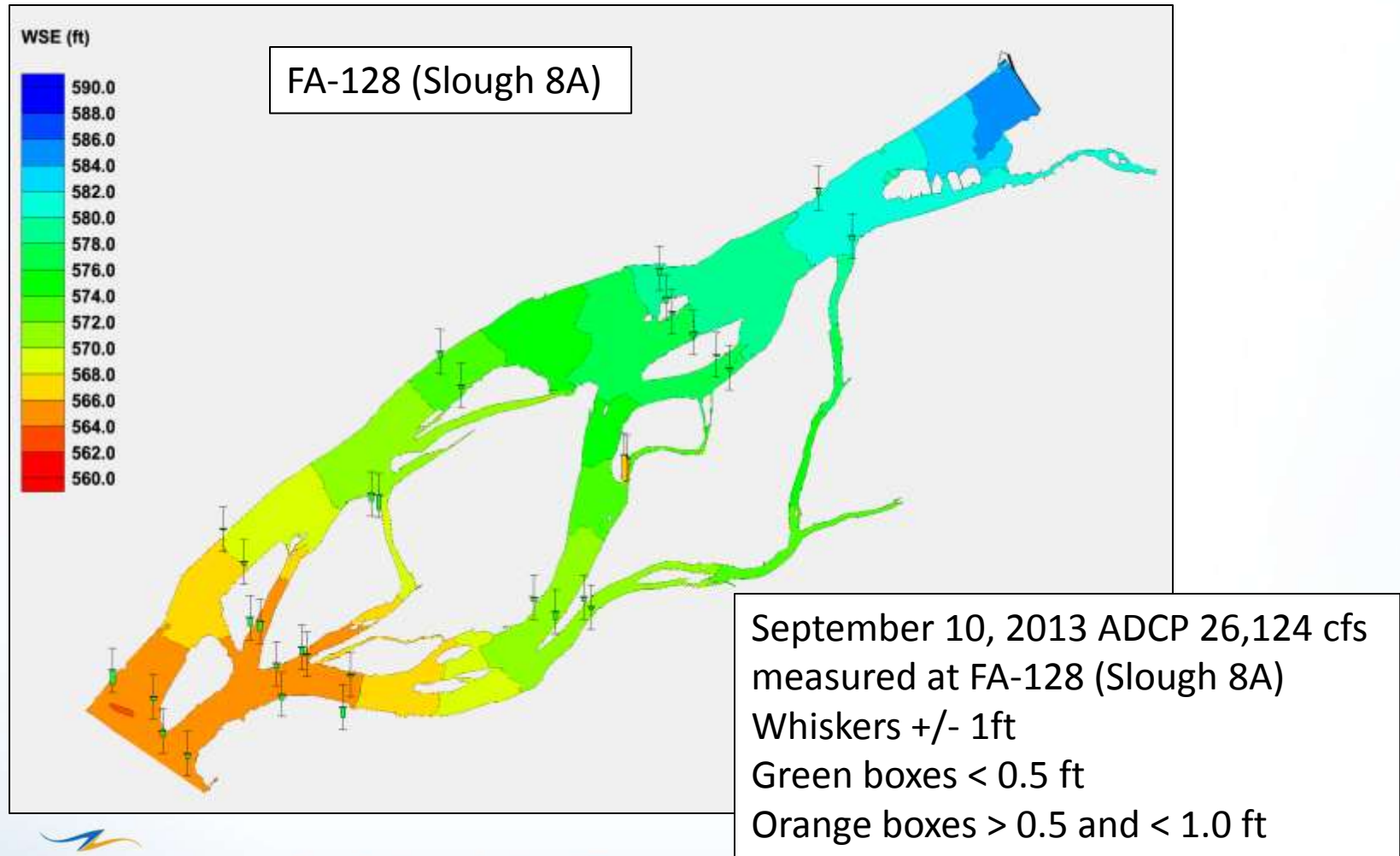
Model Calibration

Water Surface Elevations



Model Calibration

Water Surface 9/10/13



Model Calibration

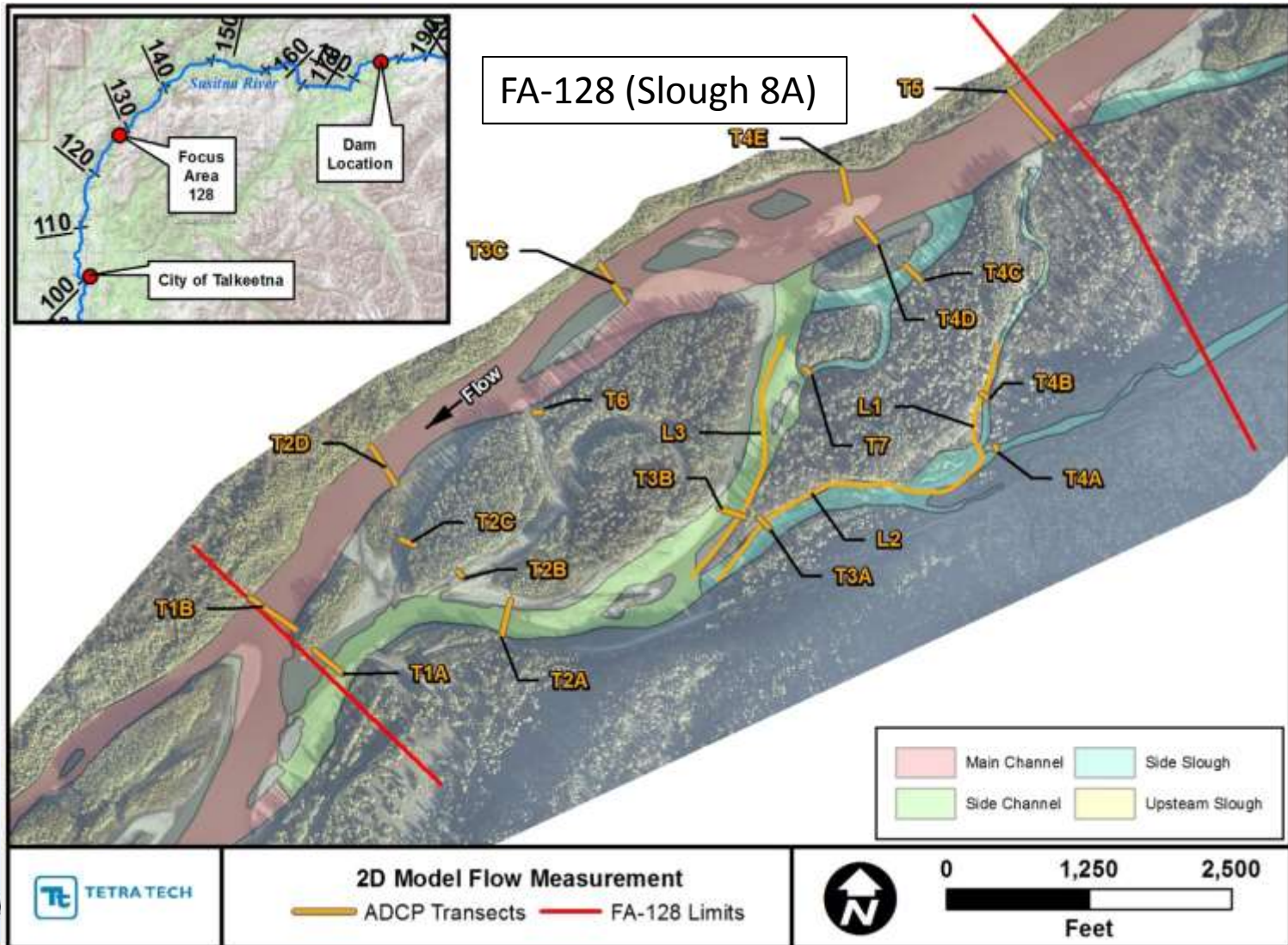
Water Surface Summary

Model Run	Discharge (cfs)	No. Measurements	Ave. Diff (ft)
4-Jun-13	54,203	63	0.66
2-Jul-13 ^A	24,705	32	0.11
24-Jul-13	20,132	129	-0.01
4-Aug-13	20,069	33	0.11
21-Aug-13	36,636	2	-0.07
8-Sep-13	32,200	2	-0.08
10-Sep-13 ^A	26,124	32	-0.30

^AADCP Measurements Collected at FA-128 (Slough 8A)
 Other Discharges estimated from Gold Creek Gage (PRM 140.1)

Model Calibration

ADCP Velocity and Discharge Locations



Model Calibration

ADCP Discharge at FA-128 (Slough 8A)

Date/Time	Transect	Flow (cfs)					Total Flow
		Far left	Left	Middle	Right	Far right	cfs
7/2/13 13:14	T1		7,520		17,197		24,717
7/2/13 12:46	T2	236	6,204	766	17,710		24,916
7/2/13 12:12	T3		379	5,843	18,413		24,635
7/2/13 11:26	T4	9.10	374	2,629	12,818	8,745	24,575
7/2/13 10:58	T5			24,538			24,538
7/2/13 12:24	T6			231			24,651
7/2/13 15:36	T7			2.95			24,905
						Average	24,705
9/10/13							
9/10/13 14:03	T1		8,547		17,551		26,098
9/10/13 13:40	T2		6,960	1,134	18,019		26,113
9/10/13 13:13	T3		473	6,331	19,328		26,132
9/10/13 12:20	T4		473	2,907	13,659	9,127	26,167
9/10/13 11:54	T5			26,184			26,184
9/10/13 13:26	T6			250			26,123
9/10/13 15:10	T7			3.68			26,053
Note: For discharge measurement locations refer to FA128 (Slough 8A) map						Average	26,124

Model Calibration

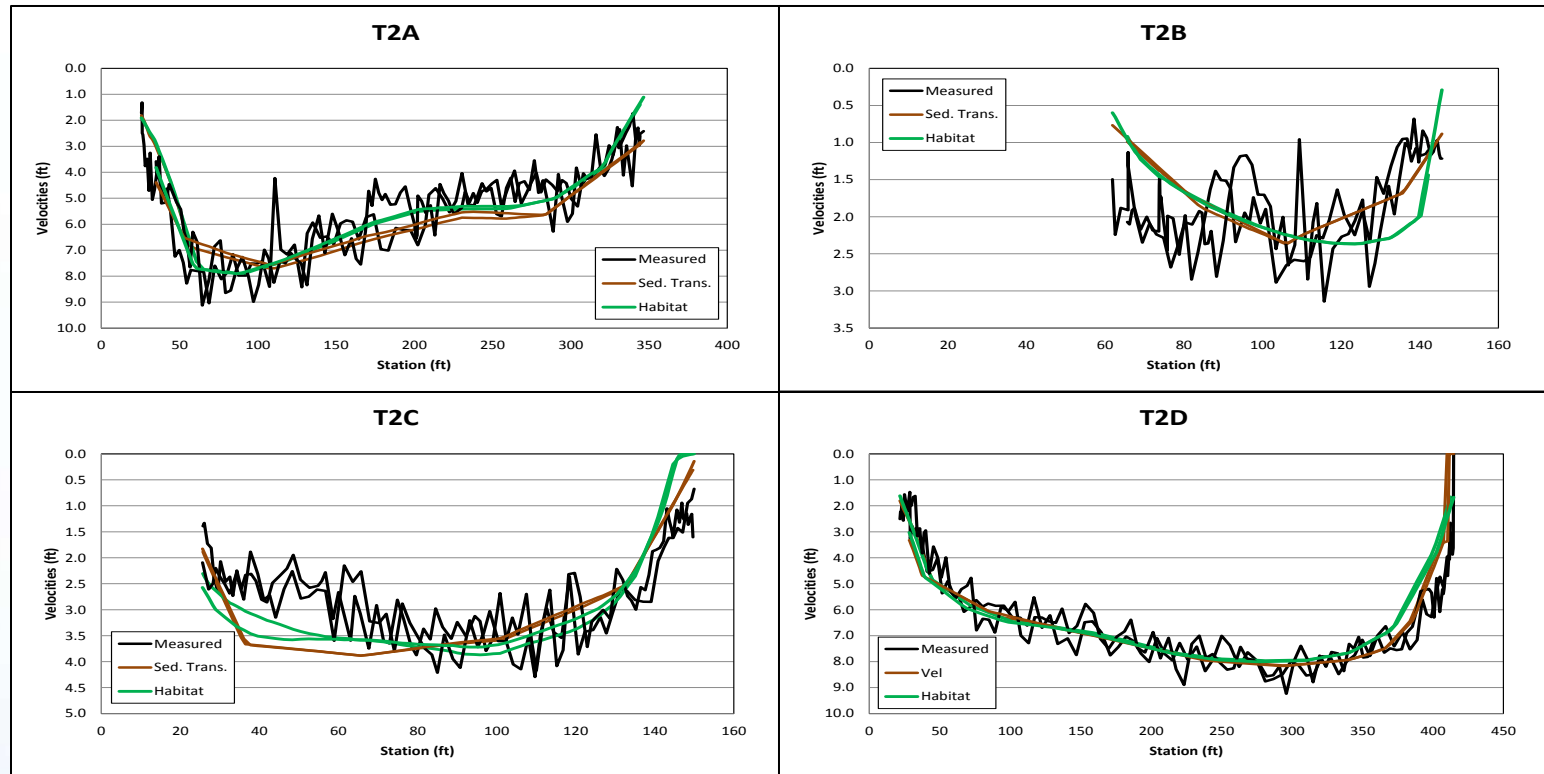
ADCP Discharge data vs. Model

Transect	Measured		Hydraulic Model			
	Meas. (cfs)	% of Total Flow	Pred. (cfs)	% of Total Flow	Diff. (cfs)	% Diff
T1A	8,547	33%	8,595	33%	48	1%
T1B	17,551	67%	17,528	67%	-23	0%
T2A	6,960	27%	6,766	26%	-194	-3%
T2B	250 ^A	0.96%	336	1.28%	86	34%
T2C	1,134	4.3%	925	3.5%	-209	-18%
T2D	18,019	69%	18,096	69%	77	0%
T3A	473	1.8%	619	2.4%	146	31%
T3B	6,331	24%	6,155	24%	-176	-3%
T3C	19,328	74%	19,325	74%	-3	0%
T4A	No Meas.		0			
T4B	473	1.8%	619	2.4%	146	31%
T4C	2,907	11.1%	3,367	12.9%	460	16%
T4D	13,659	52%	13,015	50%	-644	-5%
T4E	9,127	35%	9,123	35%	-4	0%
T5	26,184	100%	26,124	100%	-60	0%
T6	250	1.0%	328	1.3%	78	31%
T7	3.7	0.014%	10.7	0.041%	7.0	191%

Note: For discharge measurement locations refer to FA-128 (Slough 8A) map

Model Calibration

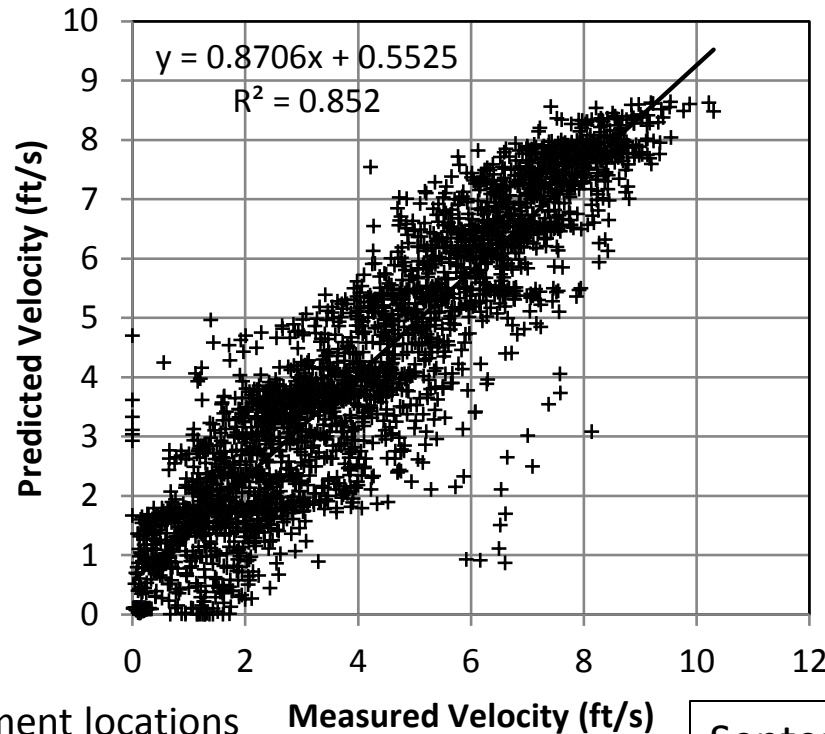
ADCP Velocity data vs. Model



Note: For discharge measurement locations refer to FA128 (Slough 8A) map

Model Calibration

ADCP Velocity data vs. Model



Note: All velocity measurement locations shown on FA-128 (Slough 8A) map

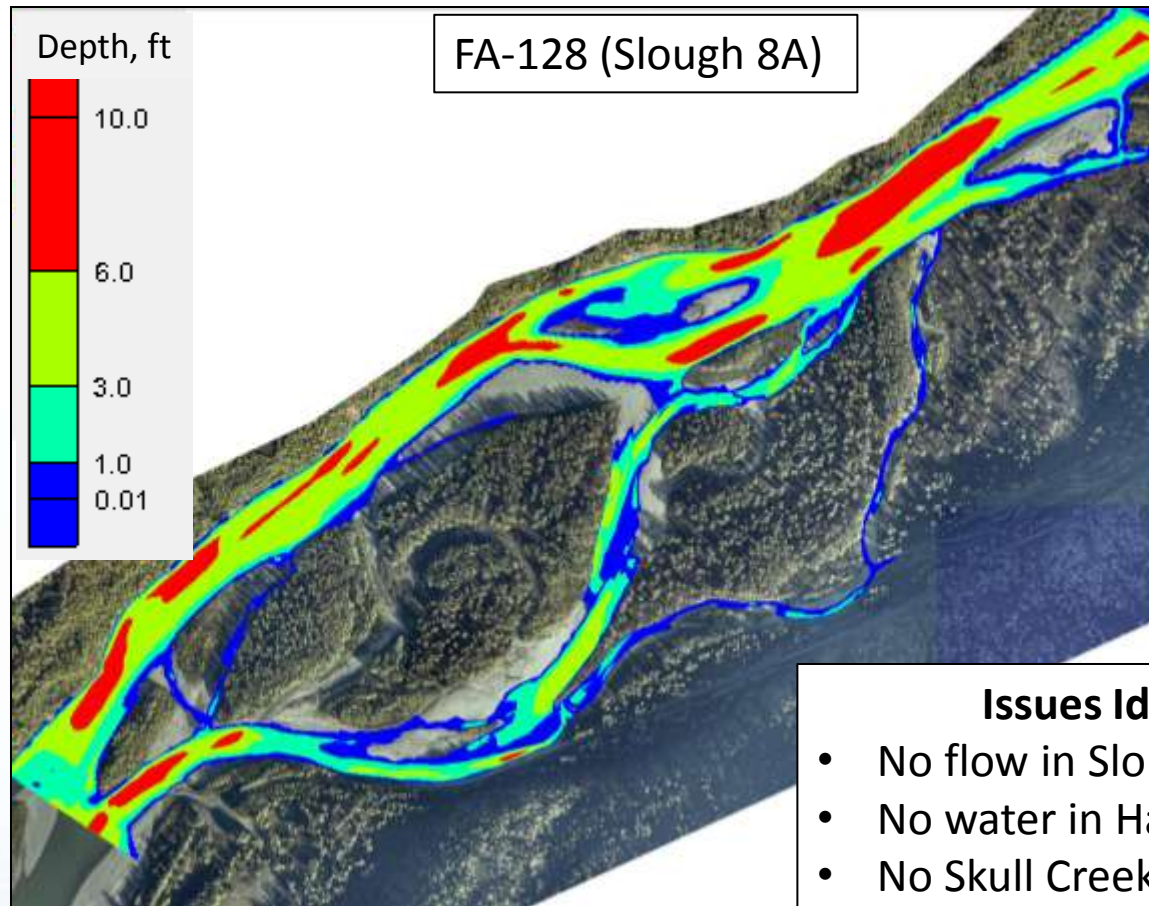
September 10, 2013 at 26,124 cfs measured at FA-128 (Slough 8A)
Note: ADCP data include brief turbulent fluctuations

Hydraulic Model Results

- Simulation discharges at FA-128 (Slough 8A): 2K, 4K, 8K, 12K, 16K, 22K, 30K, and 50K cfs (50K cfs approximate 2-year flow)
- Primary results variables
 - Velocity and depth at each element
- Secondary results variables
 - Shear stress, critical bed material size for bed mobilization, and Froude number

Hydraulic Model Results

12K cfs Initial Run – Water Depth



Issues Identified

- No flow in Slough 8A
- No water in Half Moon Slough
- No Skull Creek tributary flow
- Other non-wetted areas

Hydraulic Model Results: FA-128 (Slough 8A)

Issue Identification

- Slough 8A has groundwater source until breached from upstream
- Half Moon Slough and other interior locations have persistent subsurface sources
- Side channels/sloughs have hyporheic flow exchange between surface and shallow ground water until breaching occurs

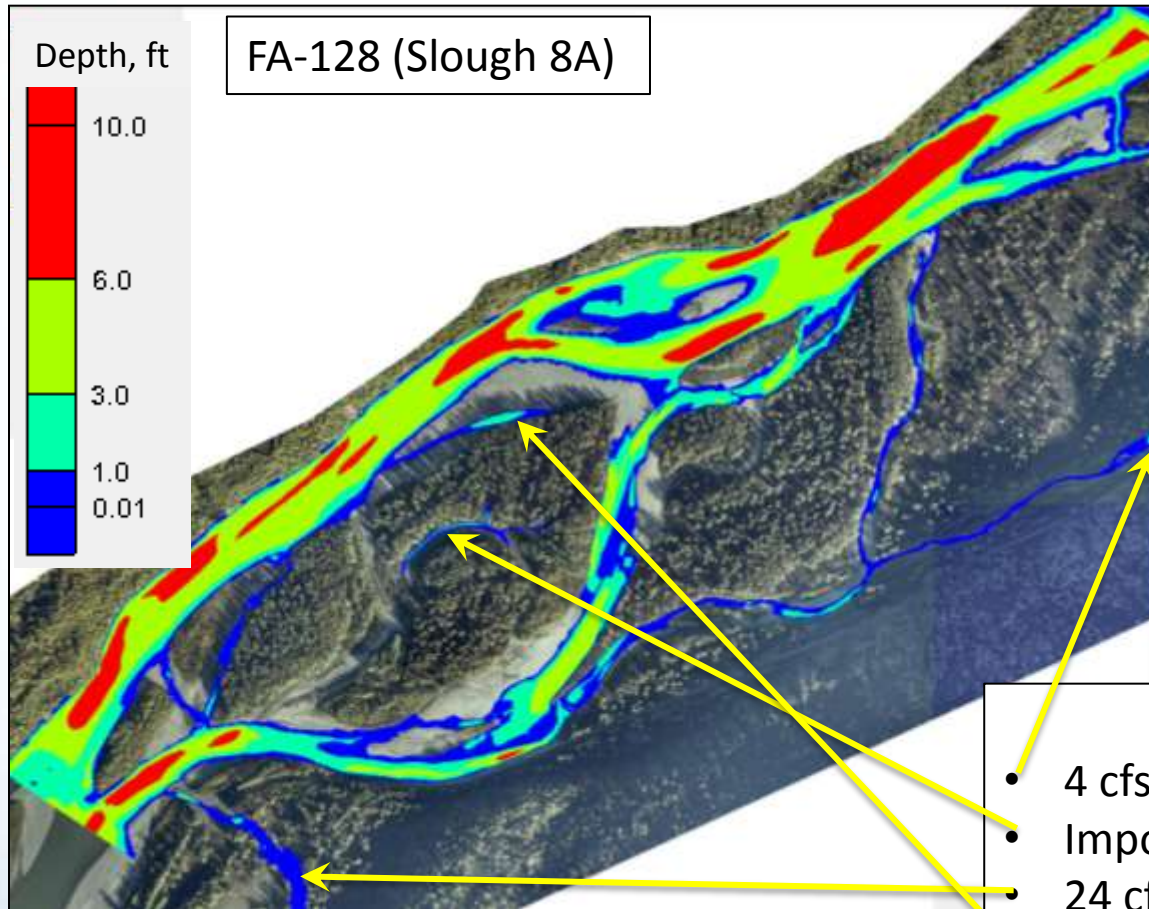
Hydraulic Model Results: FA-128 (Slough 8A)

Preliminary Issue Resolution

- Slough 8A and Half Moon Slough have observed flow and water surface data
- Need to estimate other hyporheic exchange flows including sources and sinks
- Include sources and sinks into SRH-2D models

Hydraulic Model Results

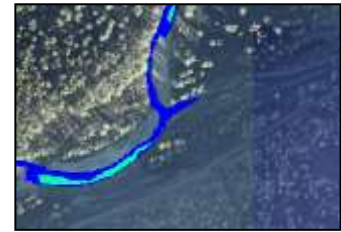
12K cfs Revised Run – Water Depth



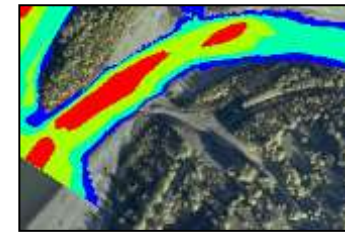
Initial Run



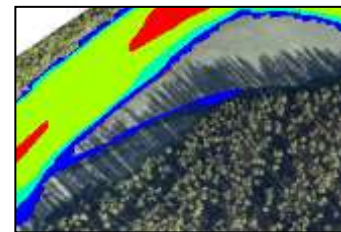
Half Moon Slough



Slough 8a



Skull Creek

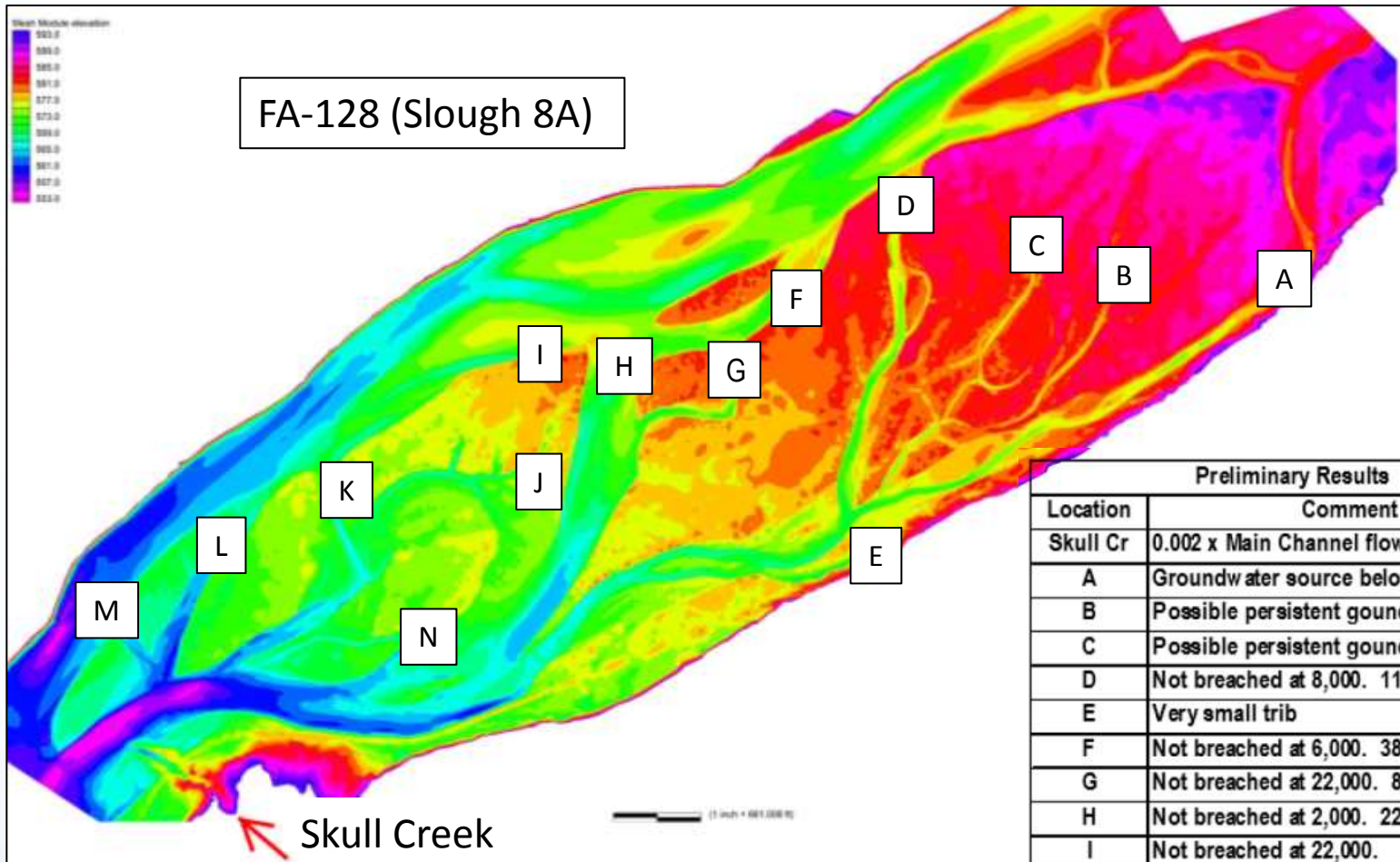


Backwater

Preliminary Adjustments

- 4 cfs point source in Slough 8A
- Imposed 568.7 WSEL Half Moon Slough
- 24 cfs tributary flow in Skull Creek
- Deeper backwater – longer simulation

Surface/Ground Water Interactions

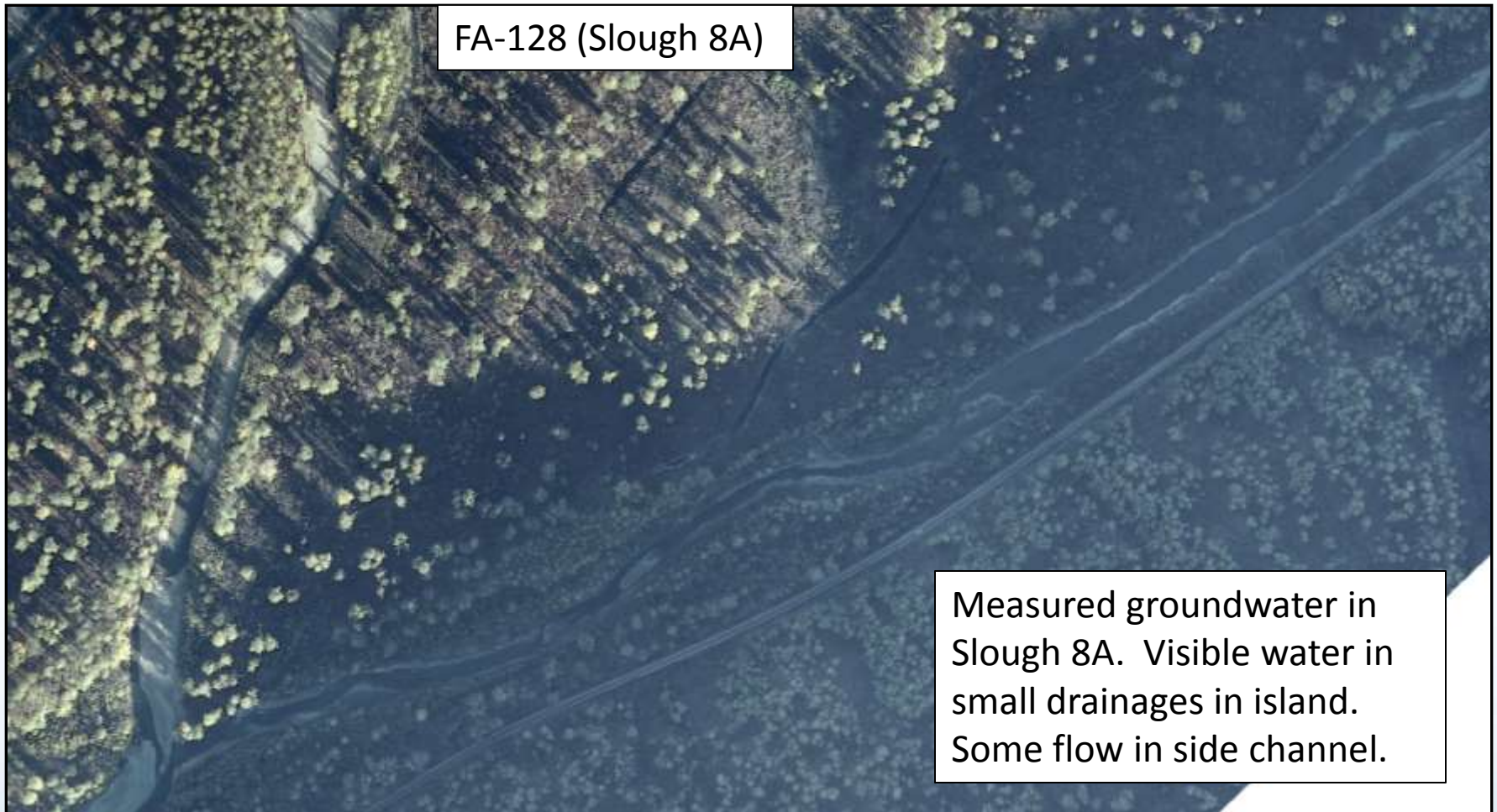


Preliminary Results	
Location	Comment
Skull Cr	0.002 x Main Channel flow
A	Groundwater source below ~30,000 cfs
B	Possible persistent groundwater source
C	Possible persistent groundwater source
D	Not breached at 8,000. 11 cfs at 12,000
E	Very small trib
F	Not breached at 6,000. 38 cfs at 8,000
G	Not breached at 22,000. 86 cfs at 30,000
H	Not breached at 2,000. 22 cfs at 4,000
I	Not breached at 22,000.
J	Halfmoon bay, multiple sources.
K	Not breached at 12,000. 8 cfs at 16,000
L	Not breached at 8,000. 2 cfs at 12,000
M	Not breached at 8,000. 46 cfs at 12,000
N	Not breached at 22,000. 24 cfs at 30,000

Surface/Ground Water Interactions



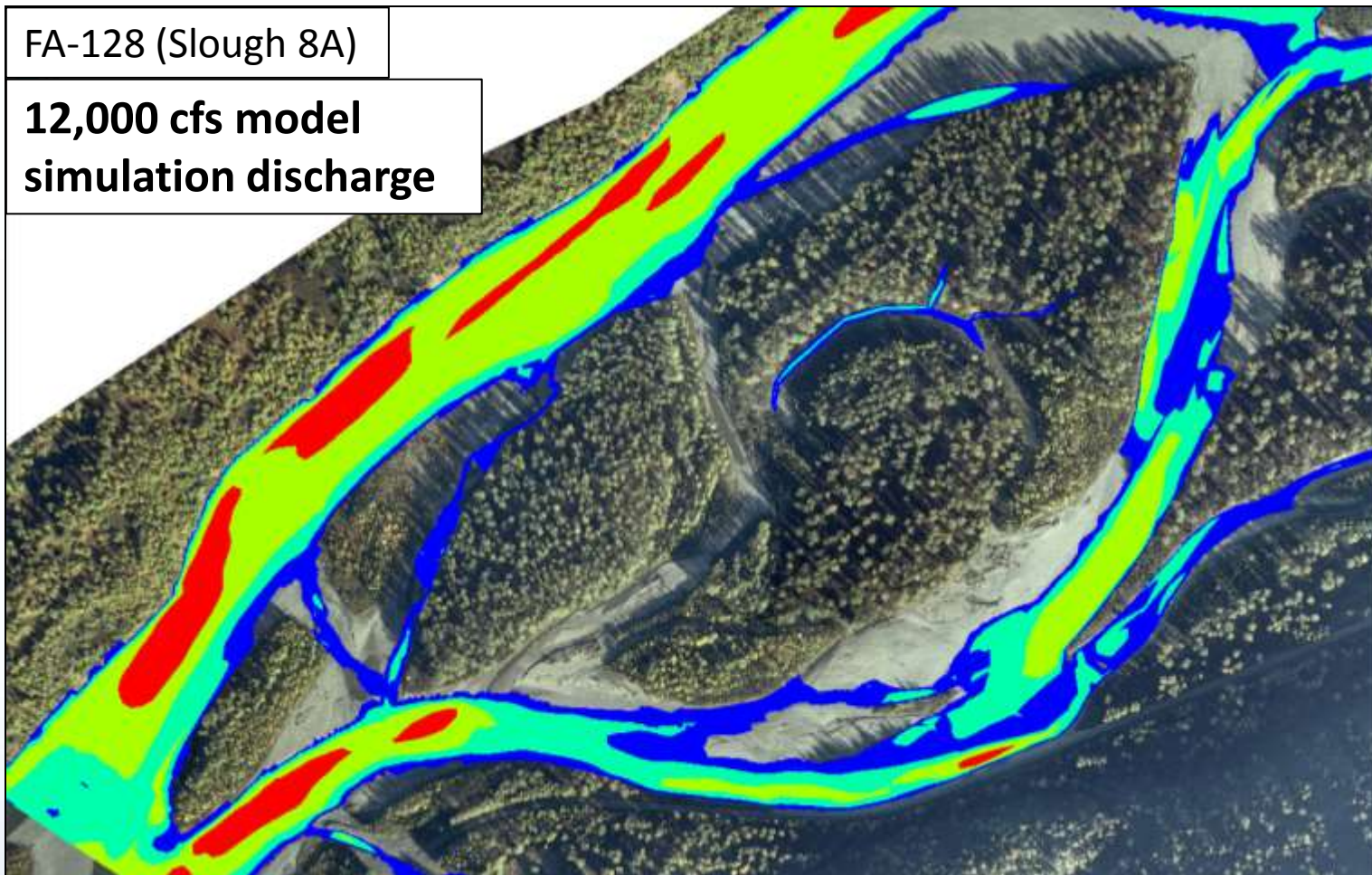
Surface/Ground Water Interactions



Surface/Ground Water Interactions



Surface/Ground Water Interactions



Surface/Ground Water Interactions

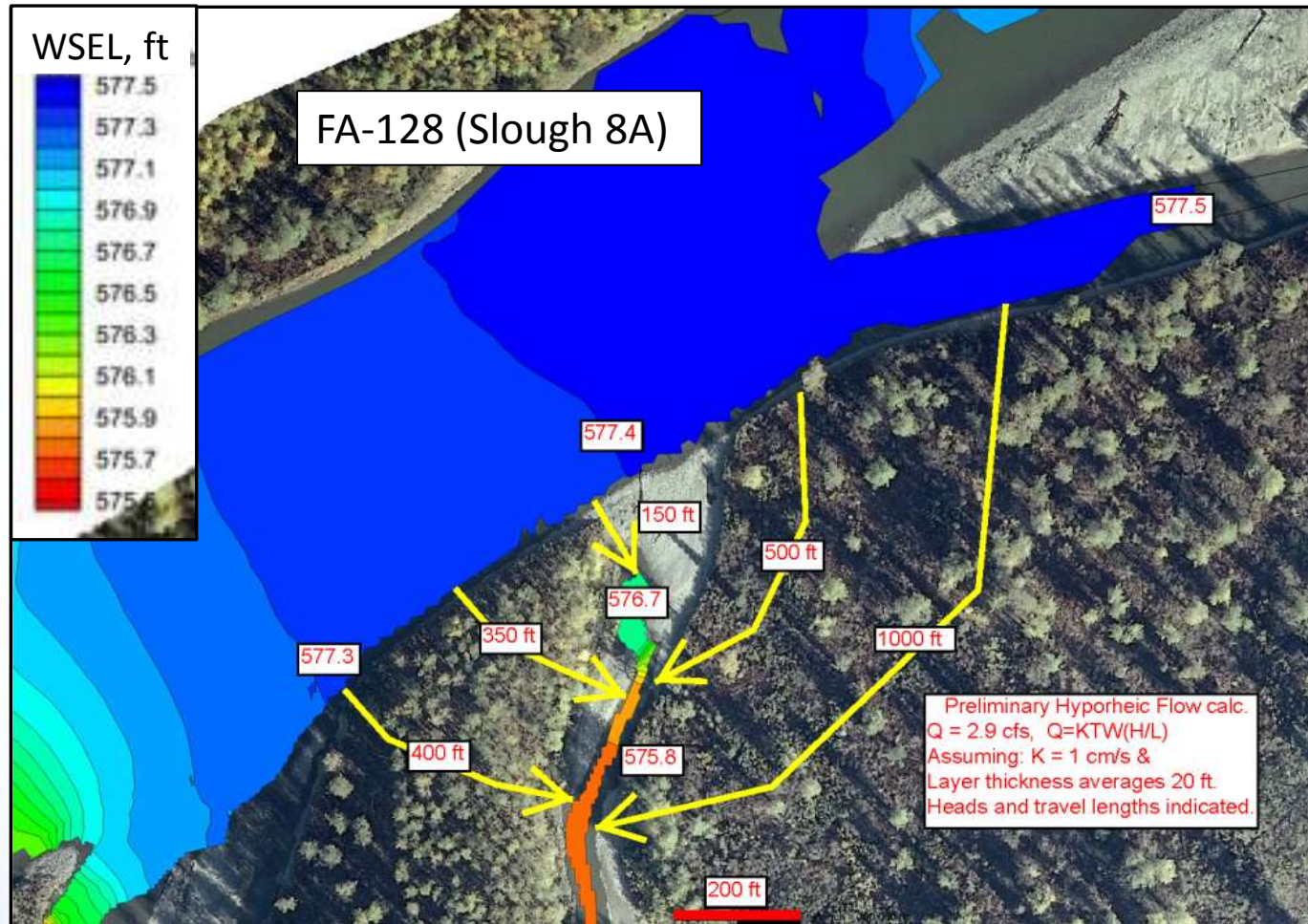
FA-128 (Slough 8A)

Side channel on right nearly breached at 11,300 cfs estimated from Gold Creek Gage (photo). Model simulation at 12,000 cfs shows 11 cfs breaching.



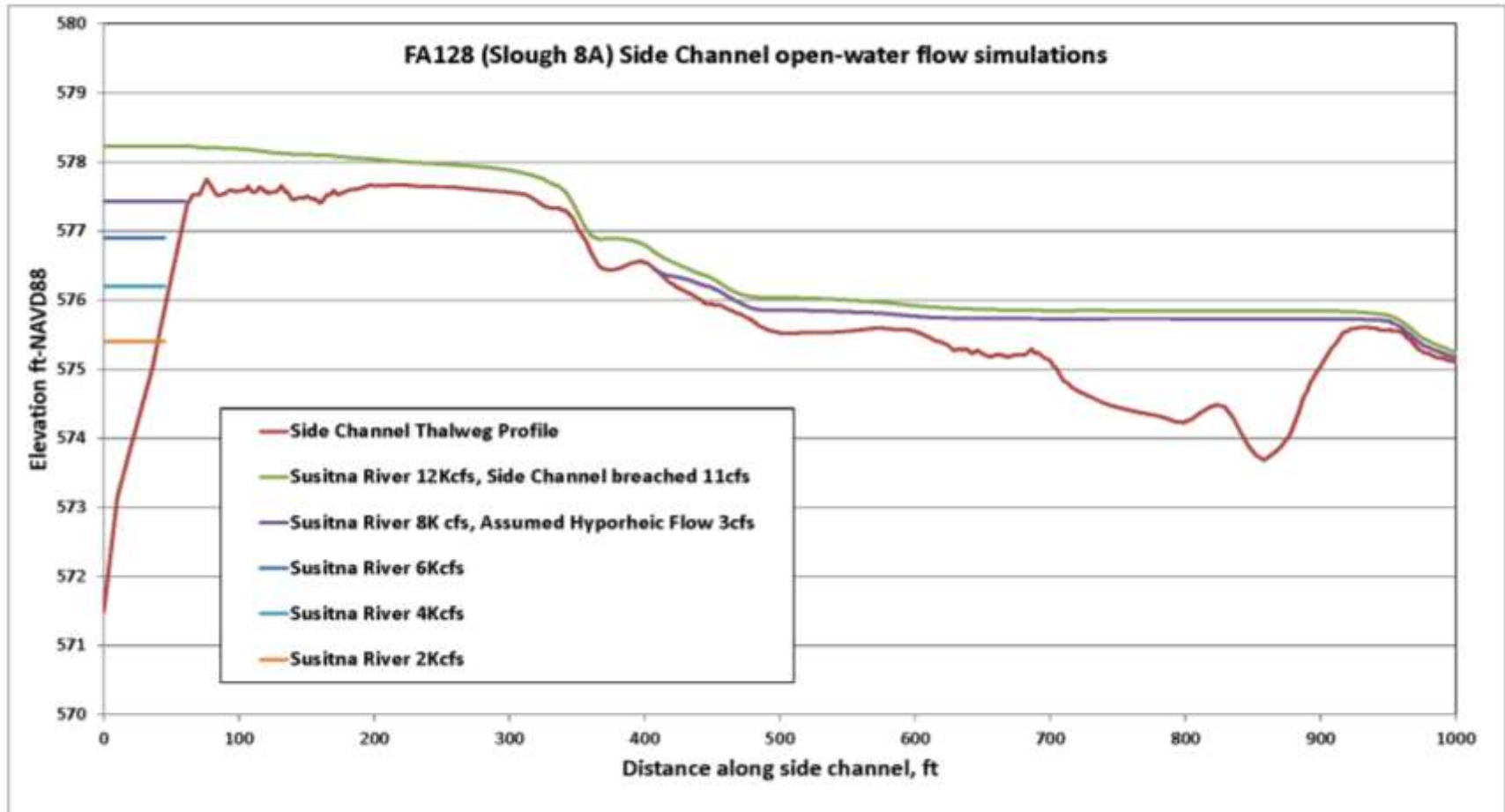
Hydraulic Model

8K cfs with 3 cfs point source



Hydraulic Model

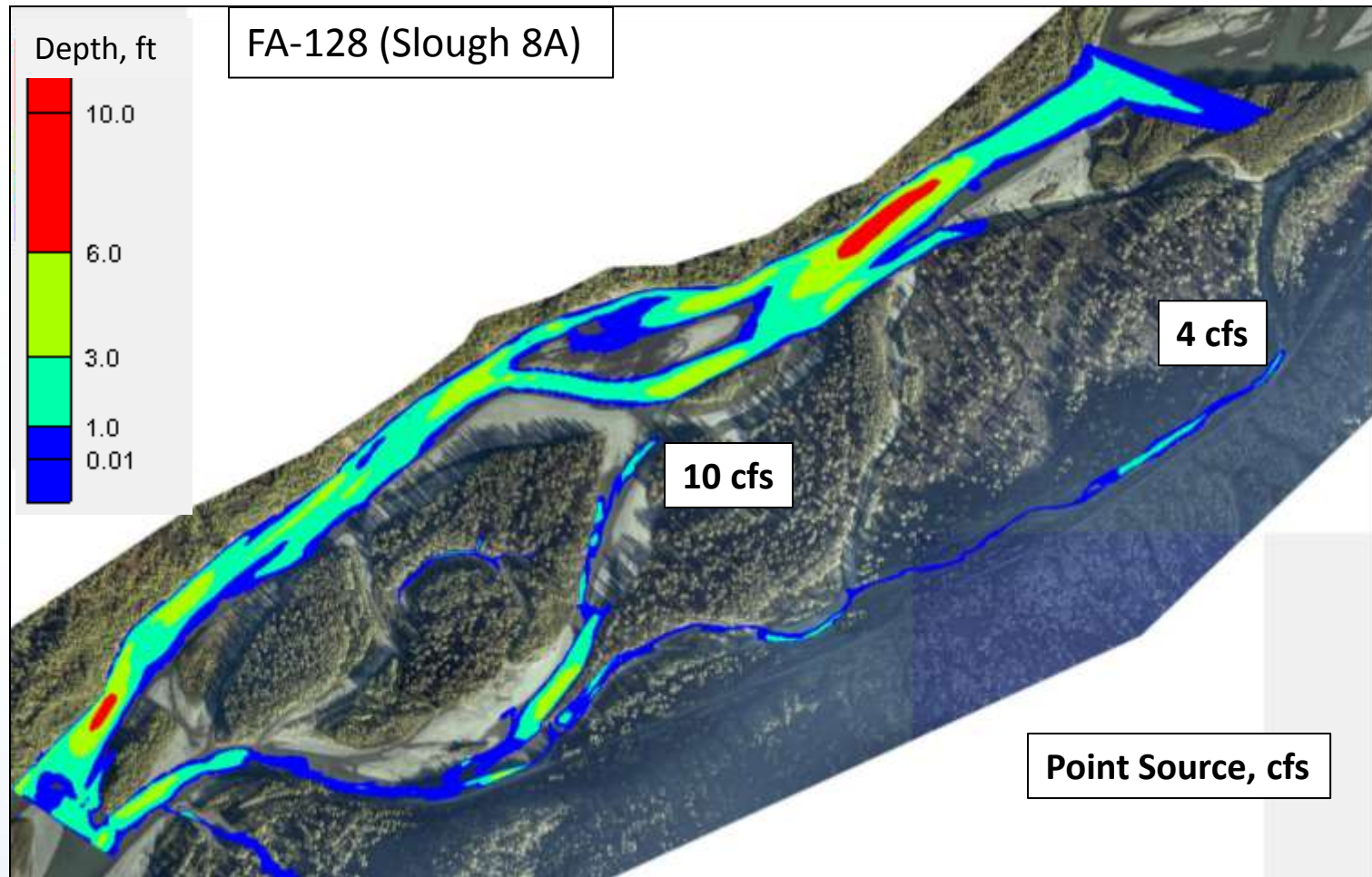
8,000 cfs with 3 cfs point source



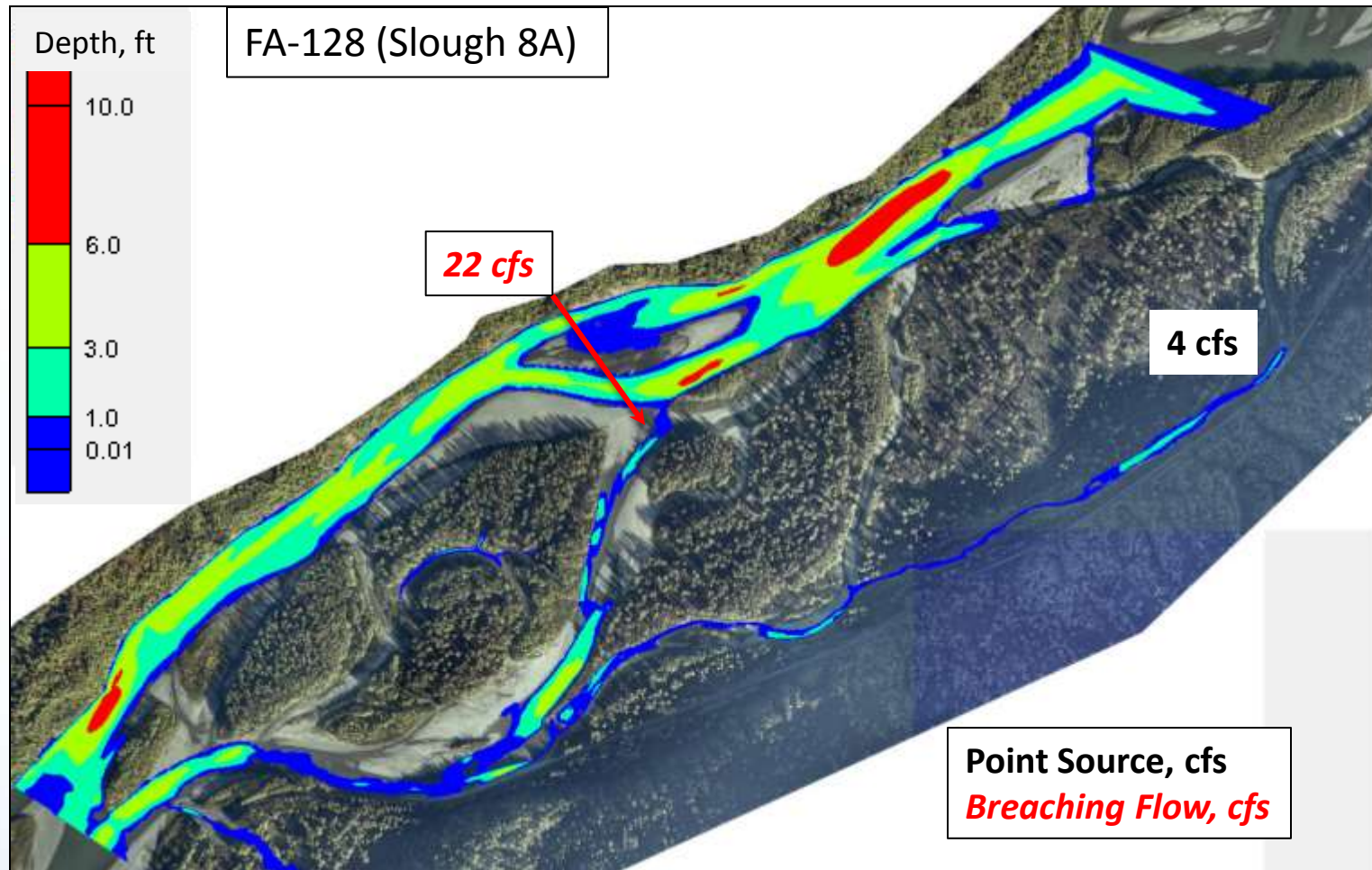
Surface/Ground Water Interactions

- Limitations
 - Groundwater may not correlate to surface water flows
 - Hyporheic flows correlate to surface water heads but time lagged – need mean conditions for steady-state SRH-2D runs
 - Sources and sinks present
 - Limited number of sources and sinks in SRH-2D

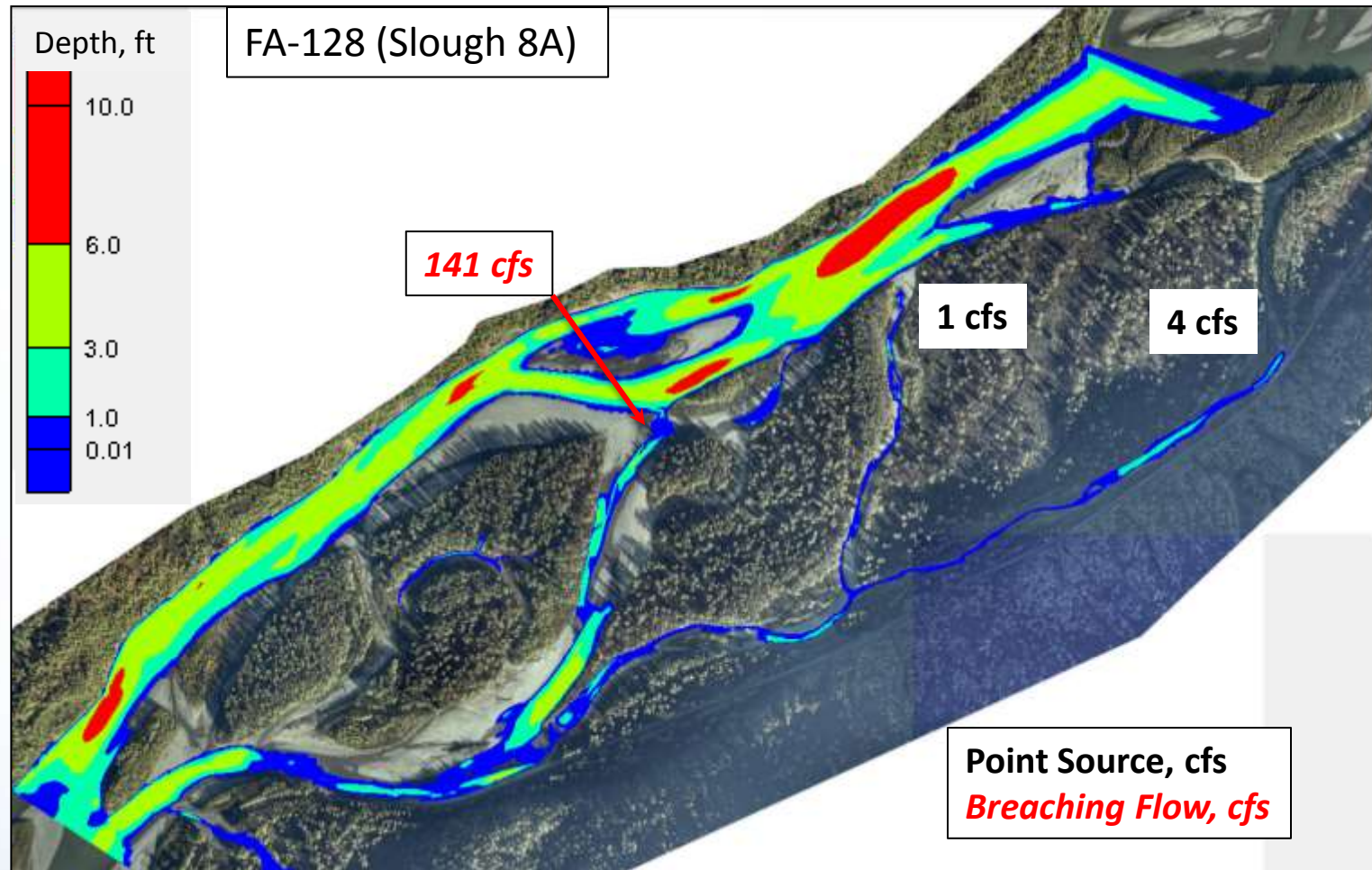
Hydraulic Model 2,000 cfs Depth



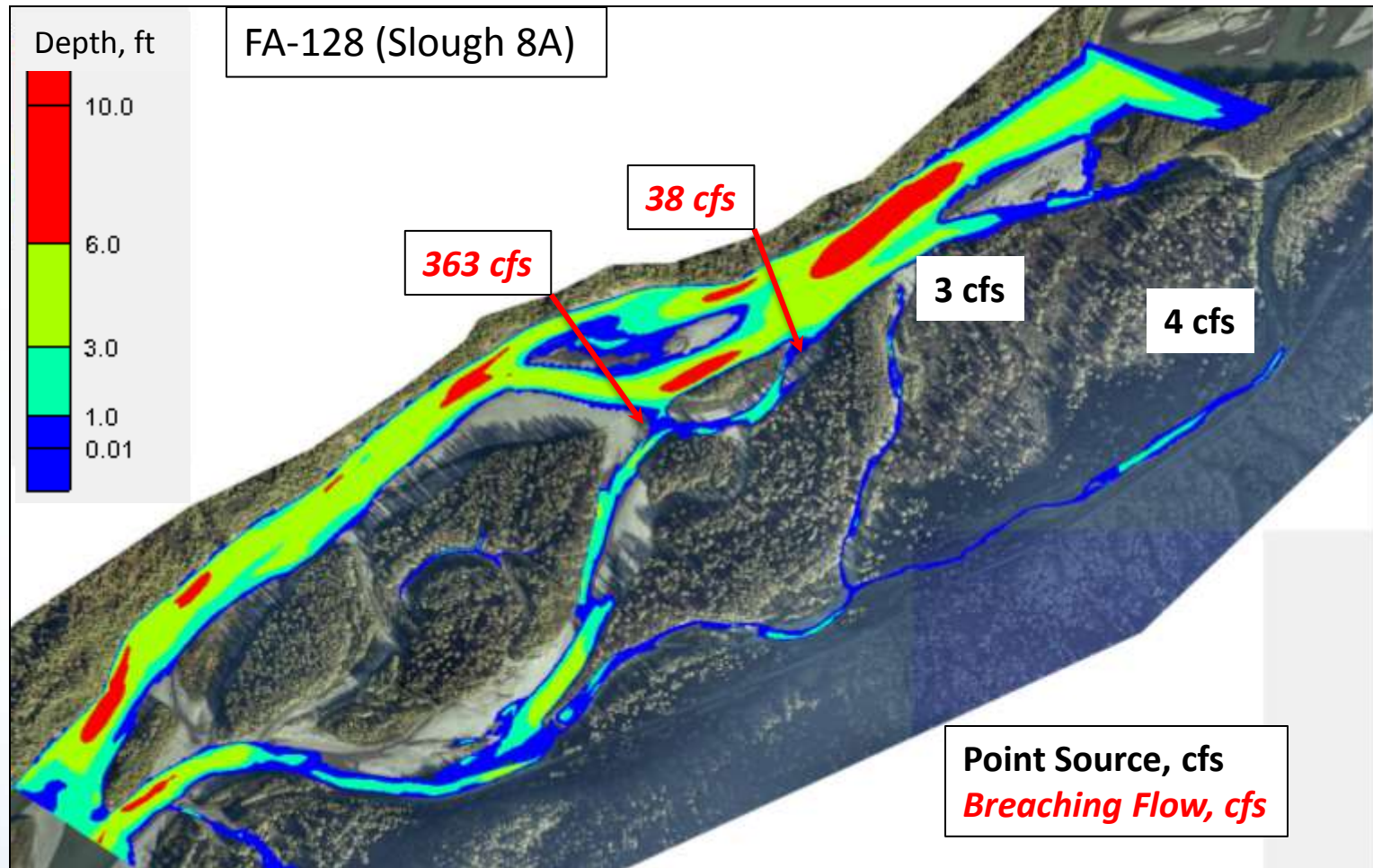
Hydraulic Model 4,000 cfs Depth



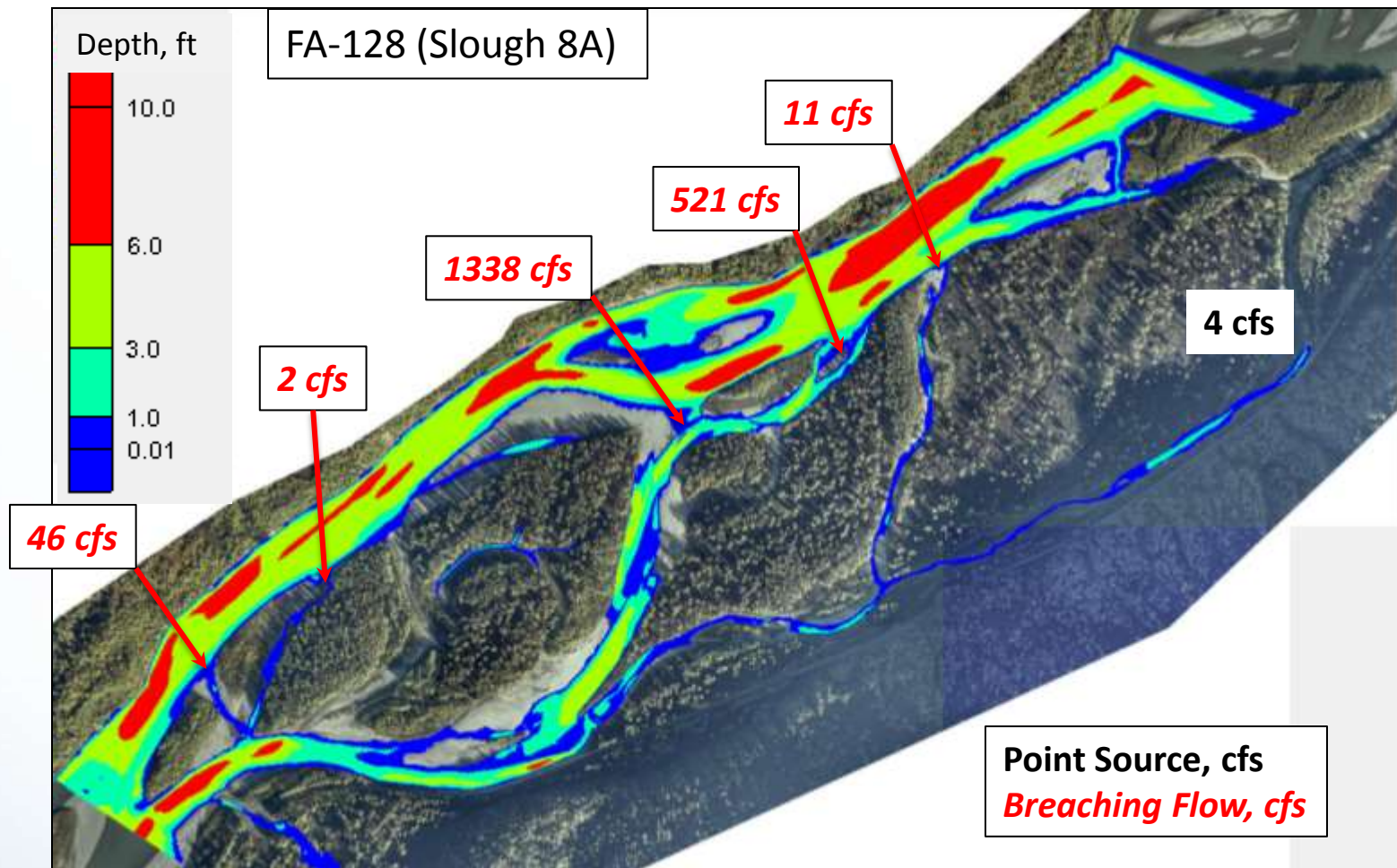
Hydraulic Model 6,000 cfs Depth



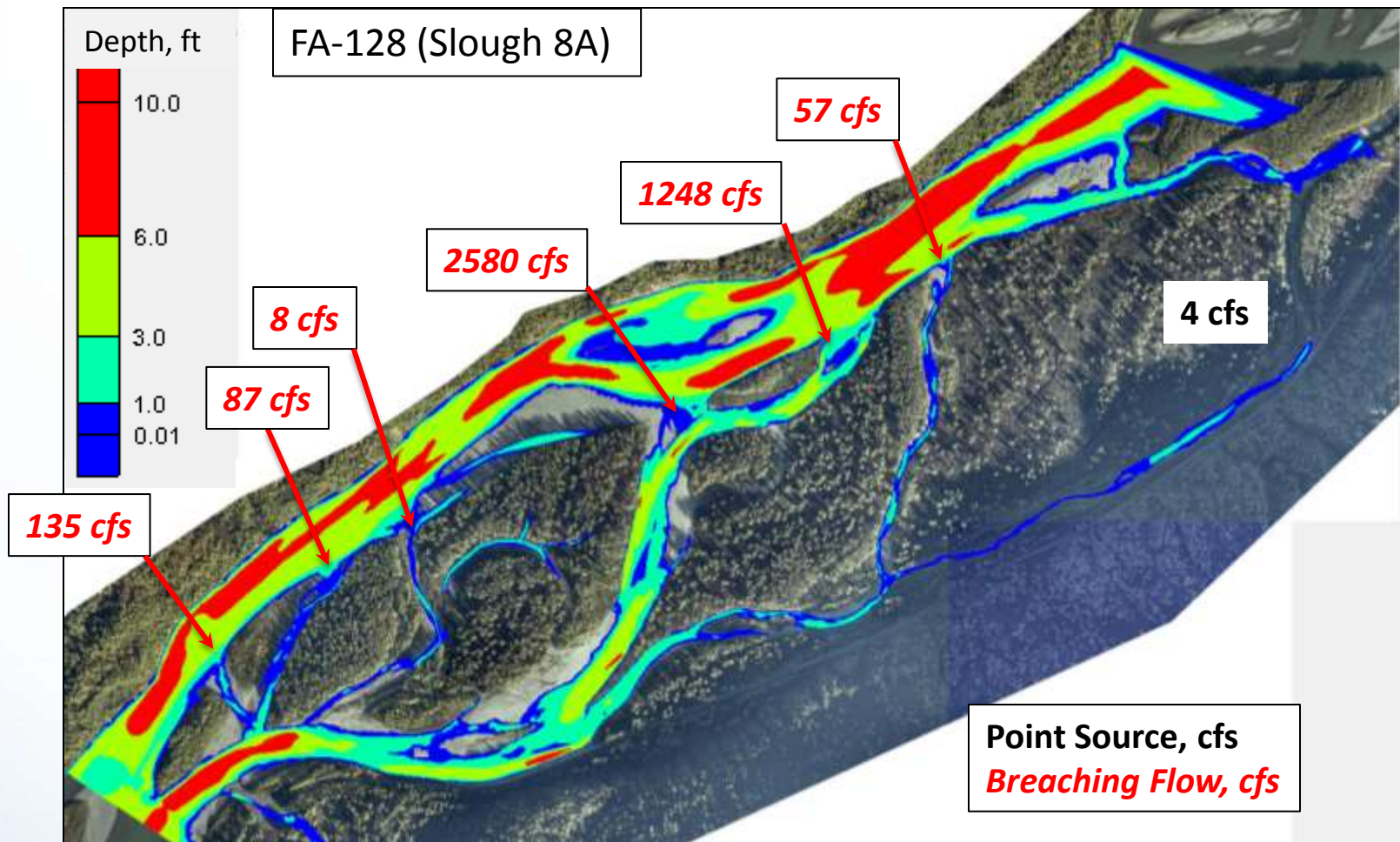
Hydraulic Model 8,000 cfs Depth



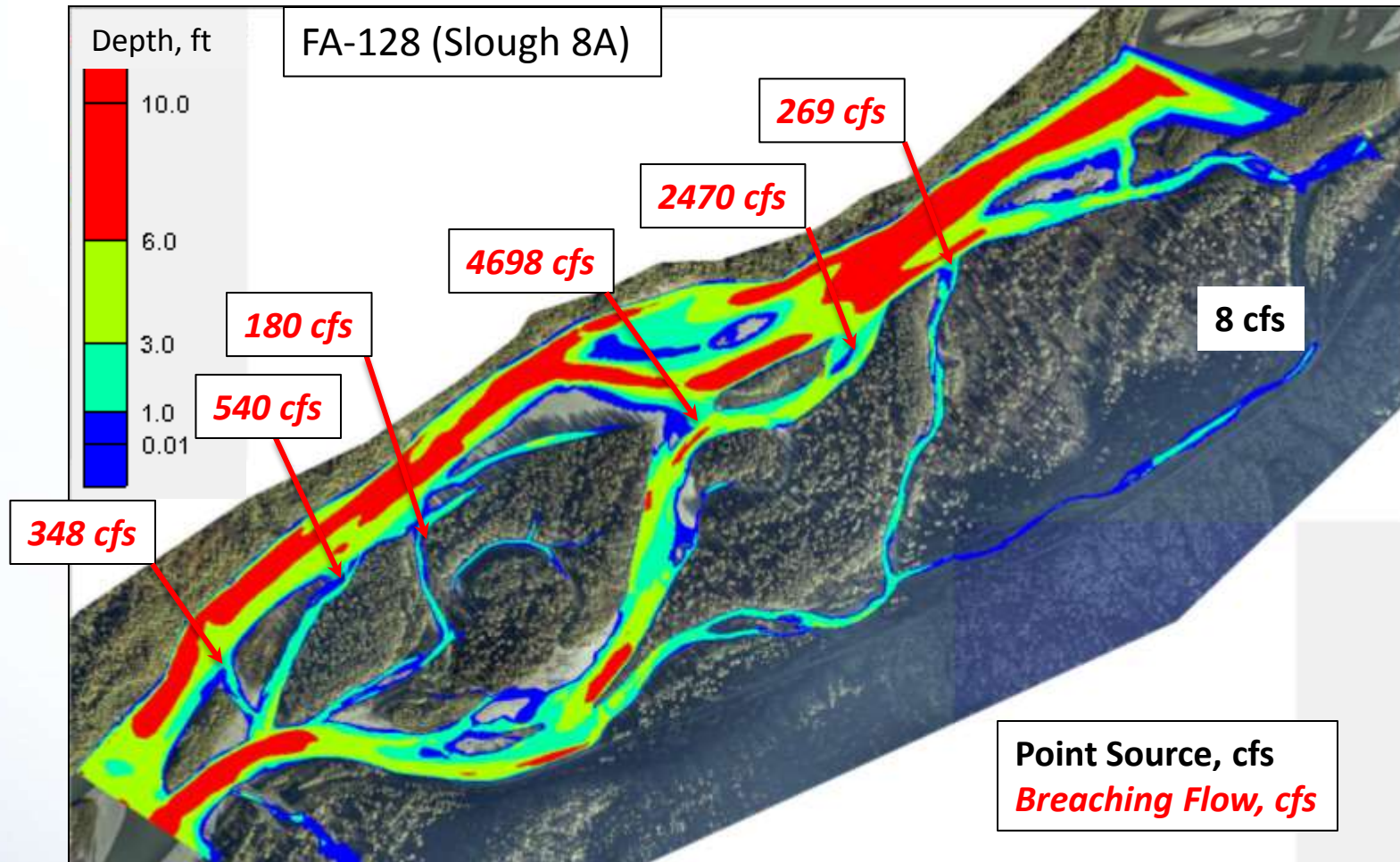
Hydraulic Model 12,000 cfs Depth



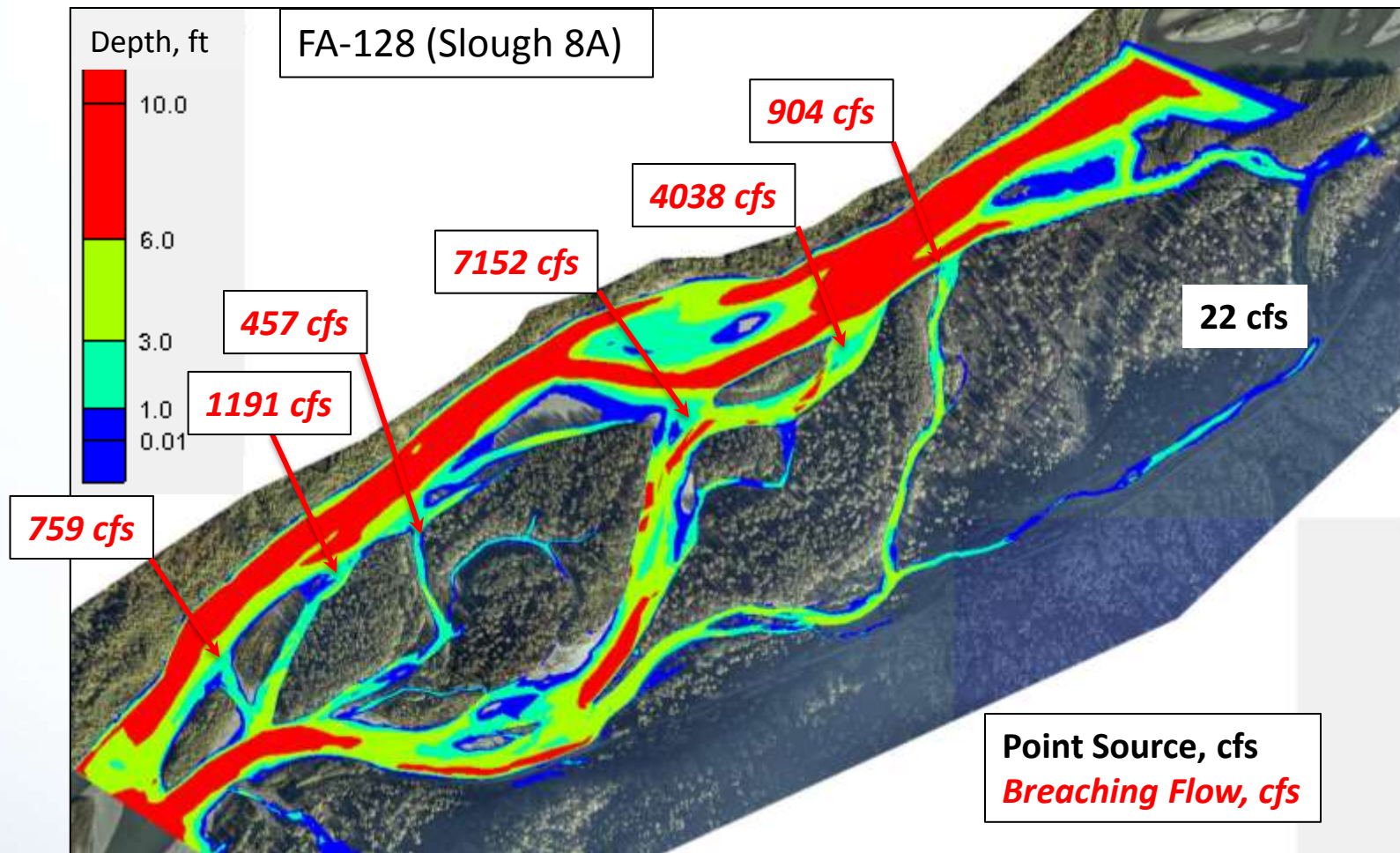
Hydraulic Model 16,000 cfs Depth



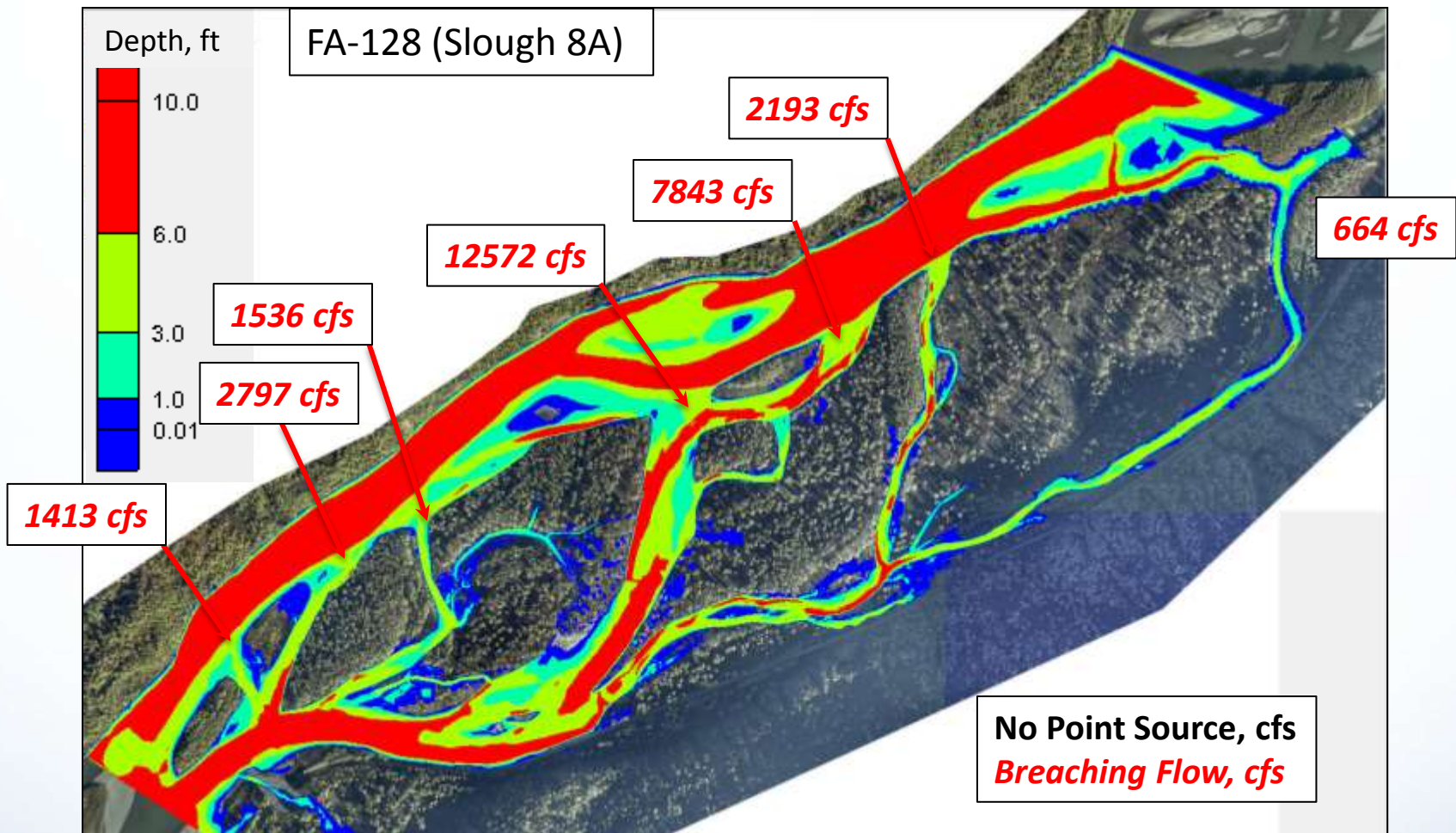
Hydraulic Model 22,000 cfs Depth



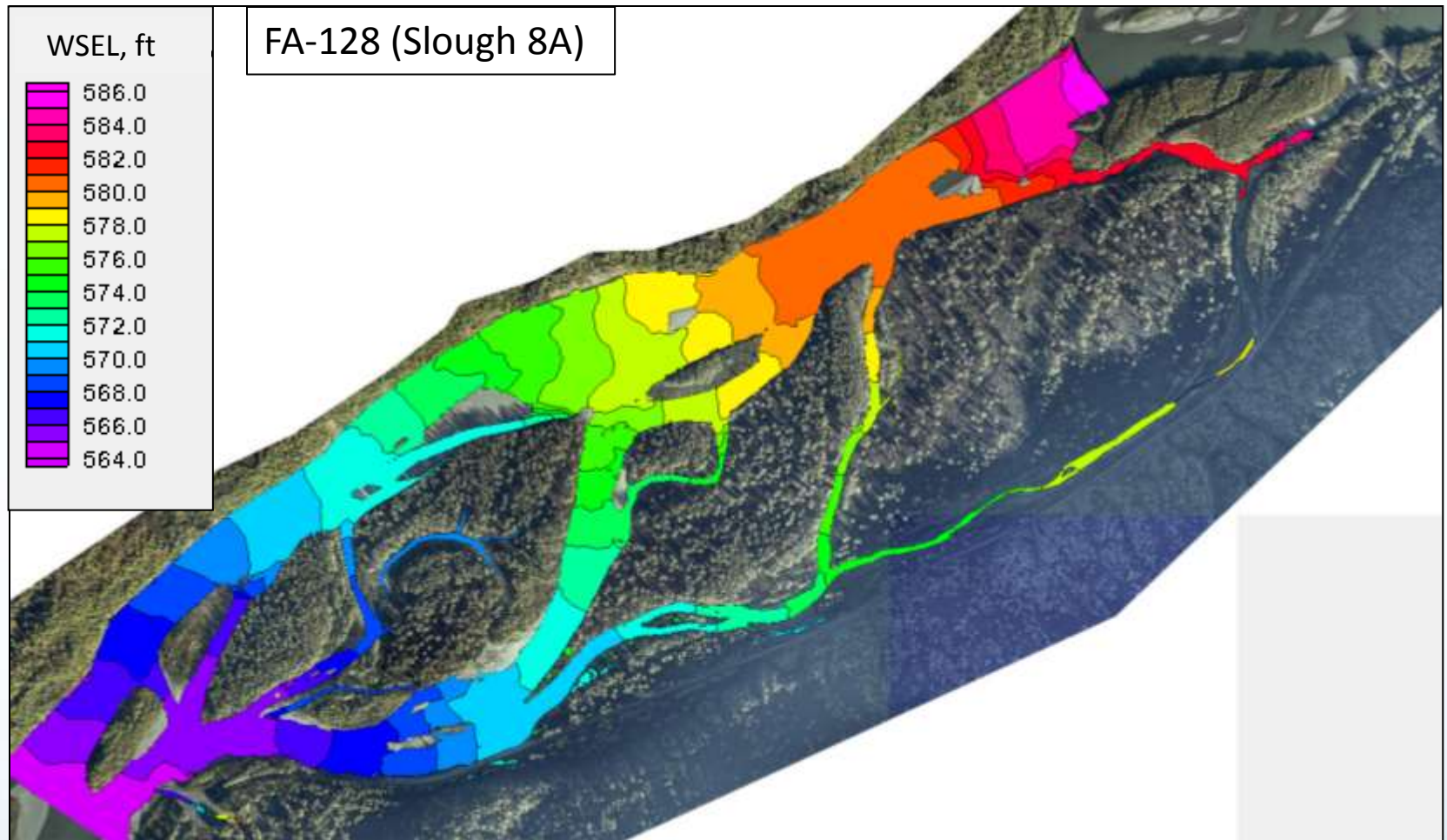
Hydraulic Model 30,000 cfs Depth



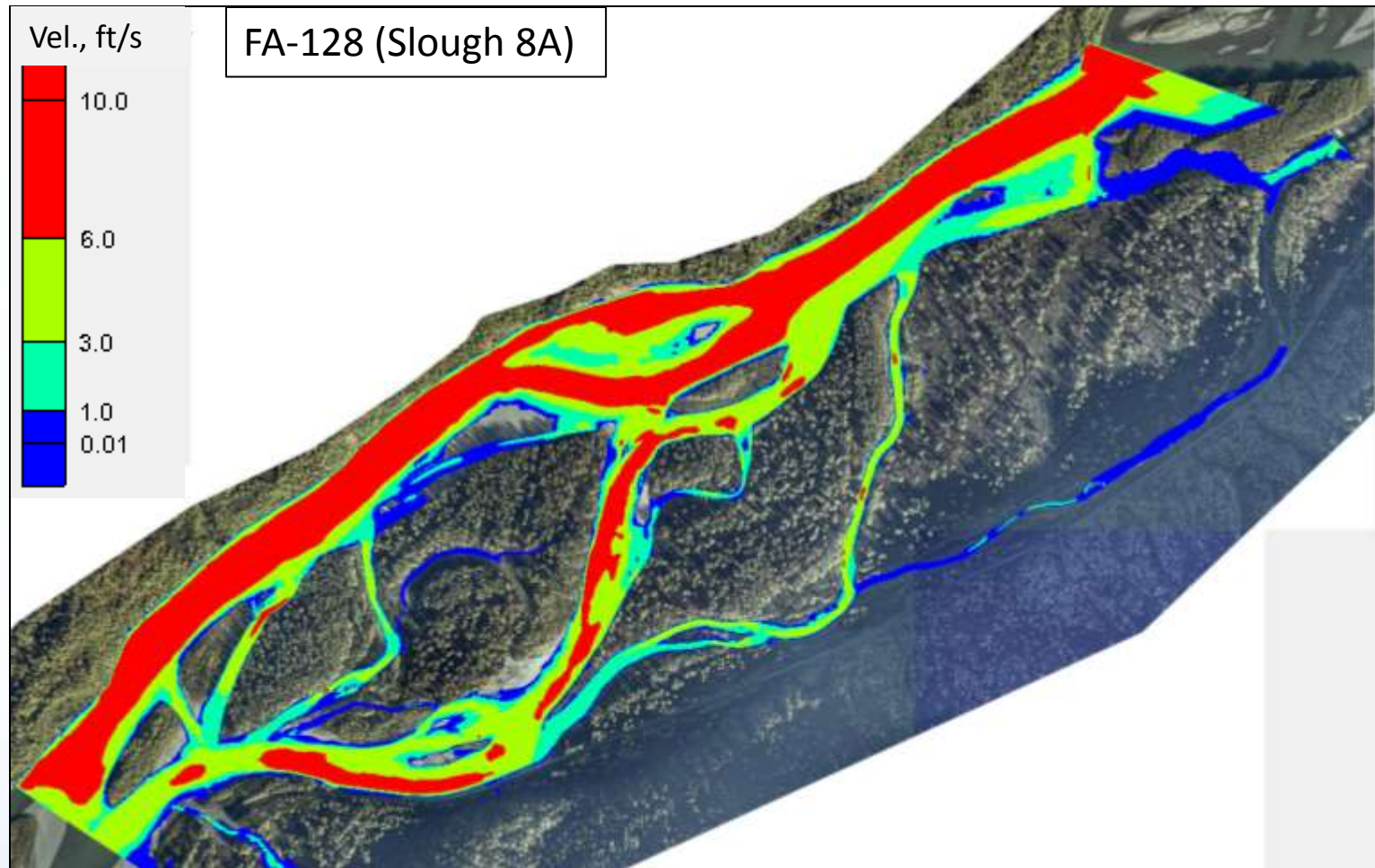
Hydraulic Model 50,000 cfs Depth



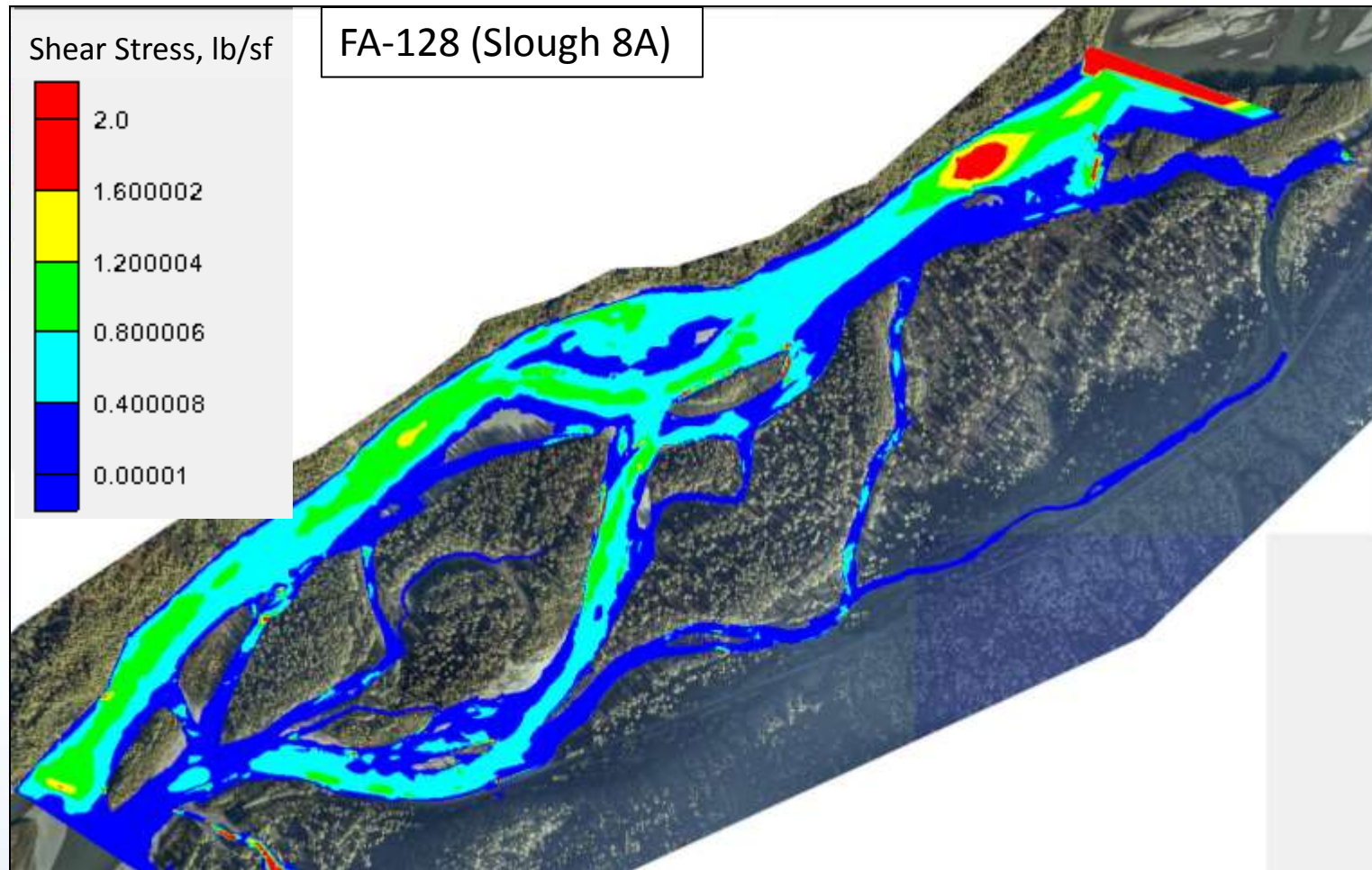
Hydraulic Model 30,000 cfs WSEL



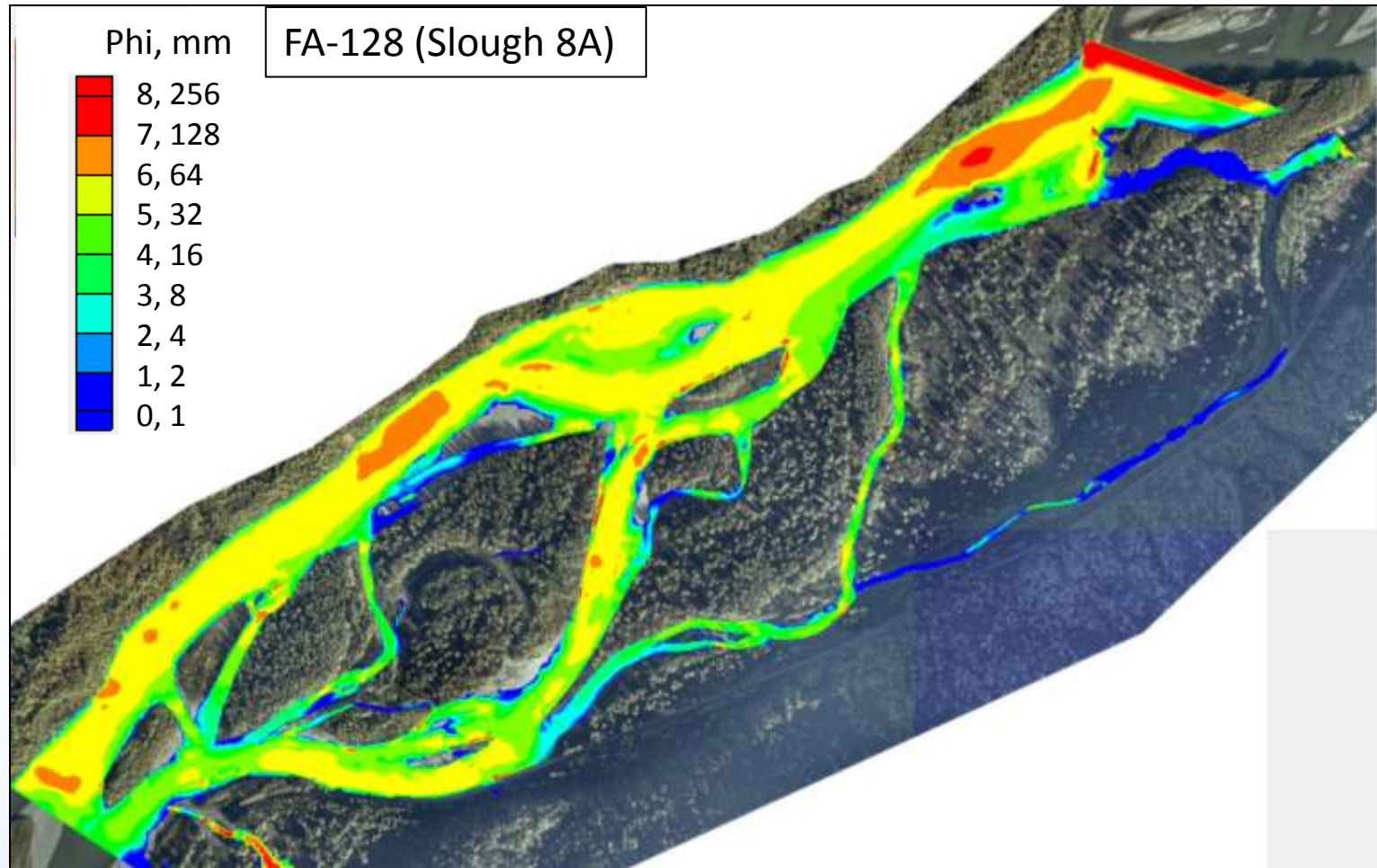
Hydraulic Model 30,000 cfs Velocity



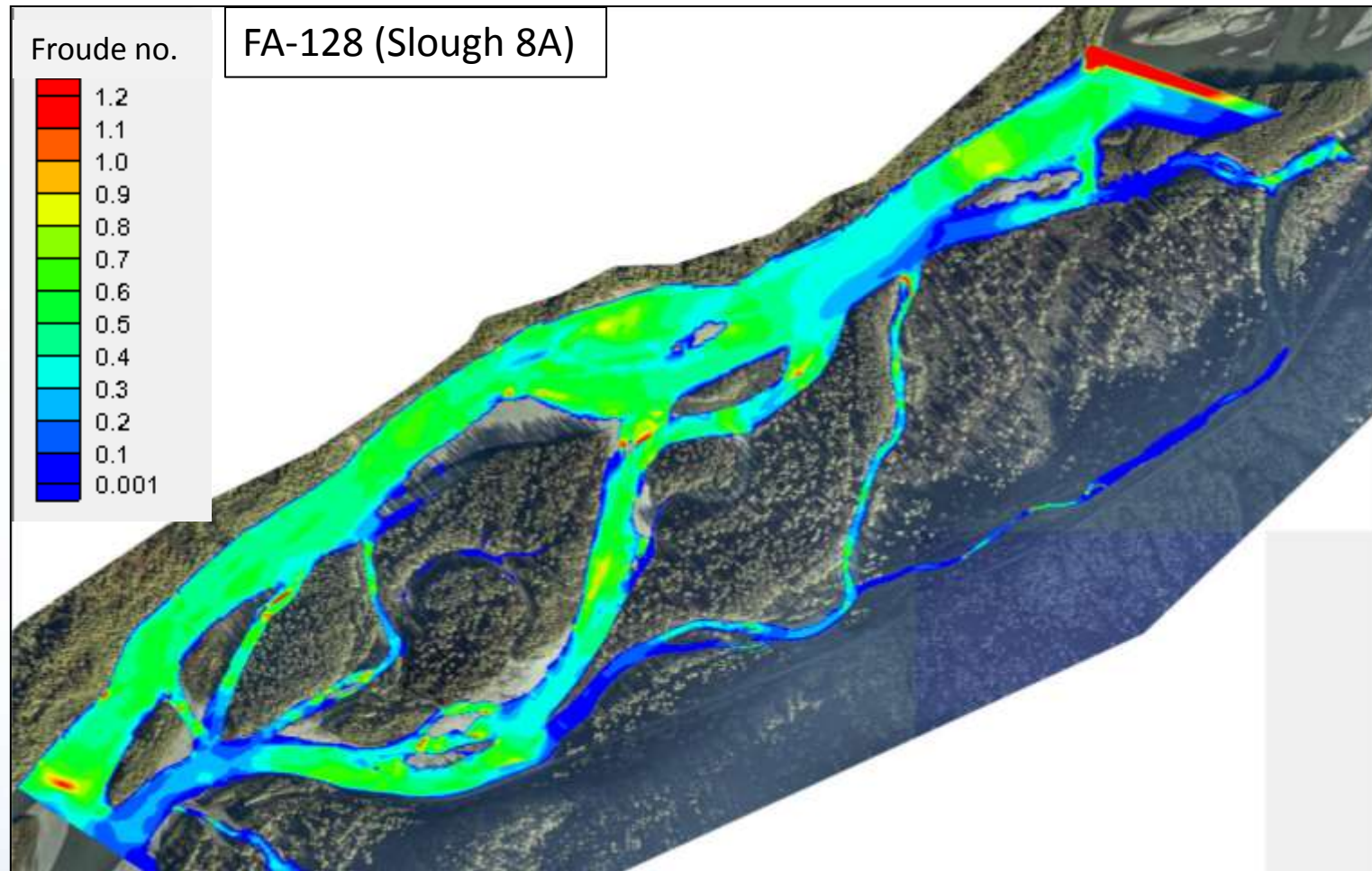
Hydraulic Model 30,000 cfs Shear



Hydraulic Model 30,000 cfs Dcrit-mm



Hydraulic Model 30,000 cfs Froude



Next Steps

- Run Higher flows for Riparian Habitat
- Formalize approach for groundwater and hyporheic flow sources and sinks
- Confirm that bed shear and D_{crit} are representative in habitat areas