

Technical Team Meeting

Riverine Modeling Proof of Concept

Reservoir Water Quality Modeling

April 15-17, 2014

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# Water Quality Modeling

- Objectives
  - Predict temperature and nutrient and mercury cycling in the reservoir
  - Predict temperature, nutrients and mercury cycling in the downstream river for preexisting and post reservoir conditions
  - Predict fate and transport for organic contaminants and metals in the reservoir and riverine portion of the study area as required

#### • EFDC modeling framework

- Hydrodynamic model
- Temperature model
- Nutrient cycling model
- Solids and sorptive contaminant and/or metals transport and fate model
- Mercury cycling model



# Hydrodynamic Model

- Provides physical transport
  - Temperature and dissolved and suspended water quality constituents
  - Also fines suspended solids, mercury and potentially toxic organic and inorganic materials
- Three-dimensional reservoir hydrodynamics
  - The only hydrodynamic model of the reservoir
  - Generalized vertical coordinate formulation
  - Historical inflows and projected outflows
  - Consistent inflows and outflows from reservoir operations model

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# **Temperature Model**

- Temperature is equally important as transport for water quality processes
  - Reactions have significant temperature dependence
- Reservoir temperature model
  - The only reservoir temperature model
  - Full thermal balance including ground coupling
  - Includes ice dynamics with a range of complexity levels
  - Model capable of representing outflow from multiple levels
- Forcing functions
  - Synthesized annual time scale inflow temperature
  - Historical and synthesized atmospheric thermal forcing

# Nutrient Cycling Model

- Consistent state variables between reservoir and river
- Available State Variables
  - *DO, POC, DOC*
  - NH3, NOX, PON, DON
  - PO4d, PO4p, POP, DOP
  - Optional labile and refractory organic class splits
  - Multiple algae species
- Optional sediment diagenesis model
  - Sediment oxygen demand and nutrient fluxes
- Ice related effects accounted for
  - Re-aeration
  - Light attenuation

### Solids and Sorptive Contaminant Transport and Fate Model

- Solids Transport
  - Two solids classes representing fine silt and clay
  - One or more classes of organic solids from nutrient cycling model or externally specified
- Reservoir solids transport
  - Only model of fine sediment trapping in reservoir
  - Critical for representing light attenuation for water quality processes
- Contaminant transport and fate
  - Arbitrary number of sorptive (organics and metals) contaminants
  - Three phase equilibrium partitioning including DOC complexated
- Provides framework for to reservoir mercury model



### **Model Spatial Resolution**

- Spatial resolution of reservoir model optimized for multi-year time to decadal time scales simulations
- Reservoir modeling challenged by up to 60 m pool level fluctuations with drying of shallow areas
- Reservoir model domain and resolution
  - 75 to 150 m lateral resolution
  - 400 to 800 m longitudinal resolution
  - On the order of 1400 horizontal grid cells
  - 2.5 to 25 m vertical resolution (subject to change)
  - Current version has 20 vertical layers in deepest region

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#### **Reservoir Model Horizontal Grid**



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### **Reservoir Model Horizontal Grid**



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### **Proof of Concept Simulations**

- Focus on temperature simulation
- Two multiple year simulation periods
  - 1974-1976 Dryer with large pool draw down
  - 1979-1981 Wetter with small pool draw down
  - Longer simulations needed for dynamic temperature equilibrium
- Synthesized inflow temperature and historical atmospheric thermal forcing
- Currently reservoir outflow is from 1800 ft to surface, with multiple level outflow possible when design information becomes available
- Out flow and out flowing temperature provided to river water quality



#### 1974-76 Simulation



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#### 1974-76 Simulation (metric)



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#### 1979-81 Simulation



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#### 1979-81 Simulation (metric)



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#### **Outflow Temperature**



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#### Status of the Reservoir Model

- Model configured for 61 year historical-operational scenario with temperature and fine suspended solids
- Simulated 1974-76 and 1979-81 operational scenarios
  - Demonstrates multi-year temperature simulation with large pool level fluctuations
  - Demonstrates that vertical resolution captures thermal stratification and mixing processes
- In progress
  - Sensitivity analysis of temperature simulations
  - Completing suspended solids transport to evaluate reservoir trapping and provide downstream river loading
  - Further evaluation of reservoir ice sub-model
  - Completing configuration of nutrient cycling and mercury models