



HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT

Results of the 2012 Upper Susitna River Fish Distribution and Abundance Study

> Fish and Aquatic Resources Technical Workgroup Meeting March 26, 2013

> > Prepared by HDR, Inc.



Study Objectives

 Determine distribution/abundance of adult Chinook salmon in Susitna River and tributaries above Devils Canyon

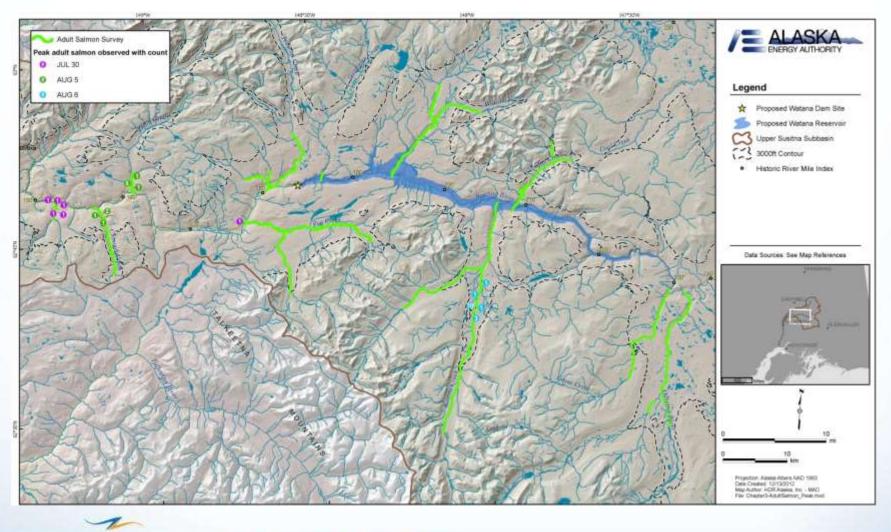
 Determine distribution/abundance of juvenile Chinook salmon and other species in Susitna River and tributaries above Devils Canyon

Two Components

• Aerial Chinook Spawning Ground Surveys

 Distribution of Juvenile Chinook salmon and Other Species in Upper Susitna River

Study Area for Chinook Spawning Ground Surveys



Chinook Spawning Ground Surveys

- 12 Streams
- 4 Surveys at each stream
- 83 Chinook salmon observed
- 53 from Kosina Creek

Chinook Spawning Survey Results

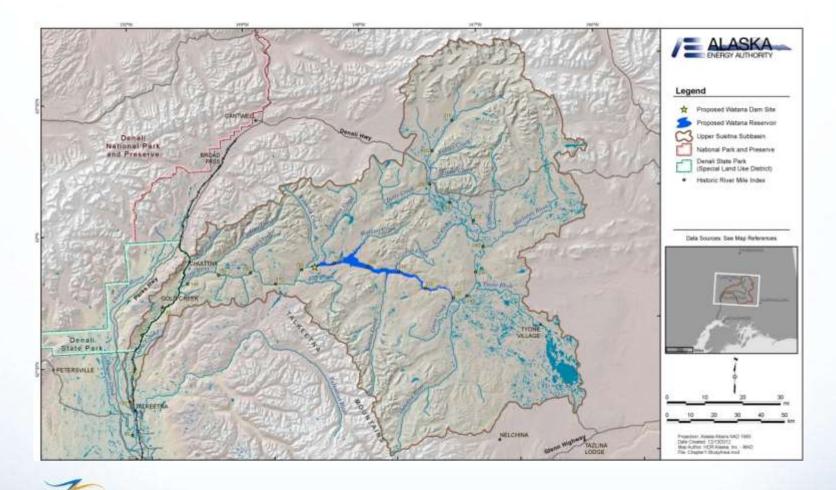
		Adult Chinook Salmon Observed During Surveys								
Stream Name	Historic River Mile	Survey 1 July 24-25	Survey 2 July 30-31	Survey 3 August 5-6	Survey 4 August 10-11					
Cheechako	152.4	0	5	0	2					
Chinook	157.0	0	2	4	0					
Devils	161.4	2	6	7	1					
Fog	176.6	0	1	0	0					
Unnamed	181.2	0	0	0	0					
Tsusena	181.8	0	0	0	0					
Deadman	186.6	0	0	0	0					
Watana	194.1	0	0	0	0					
Kosina	206.8	15	8	16	14					
Jay	208.6	0	0	0	0					
Goose	231.0	0	0	0	0					
Oshetna	233.5	0	0	0	0					

Chinook Creek with Adult Chinook Observed from Helicopter



SUSITNA-WATANA HYDRO

Fish Distribution Study Area



Fish Sampling Methods

Backpack electrofishing

(88.2% of catch)

- Boat-based electrofishing
- Fyke nets
- Minnow traps
- Angling
- Gillnets
- Snorkeling

Habitats Sampled

- Mainstem Susitna River
- Tributary Plumes
- Tributaries to Susitna River
- Lakes

Collection Methods and Units Sampled

Habitat Type	Backpack Electrofisher	Boat-Mounted Electrofisher	Minnow Trap	Fyke Net	Gillnet	Angling	Snorkel
Mainstem Susitna	30	10		1		1	
Tributary Plume ¹	12	8		1		1	
Tributaries	184	14	18		2	9	6
Lake	1	2	23	7		2	
TOTALS	215	26	41	8	2	12	6

¹ Note that Tributary Plume habitat is part of mainstem habitat and is included in the mainstem total as well. It is shown here for extra detail.

Total Catch Collected

Fish Species Latin Name	Fish Species Common Name	Total Number Captured	Minimum Length (mm)	Maximum Length (mm)	
Salvelinus malma	Dolly Varden	246	26	366	
S. namaycush	Lake trout	5	320	510	
Thymallus arcticus	Arctic grayling	559	22	500	
Coregonus pidschian	Humpback whitefish	1	231	231	
Prosopium cylindraceum	Round whitefish	14	119	420	
Salmonidae	Salmonid-unspecified	15	18	52	
Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	Chinook salmon	37	54	72	
Lota lota	Burbot	5	372	410	
Catostomus catostomus	Longnose sucker	32	20	404	
Cottus cognatus	Slimy sculpin	366	25	175	
Cottidae	Sculpin-unspecified	1,126	22	124	
	Total Catch	2,406	18	510	

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Electrofishing Effort and Catch

Habitat Type	No. of Sample Units	Effort minutes	Chinook salmon	Dolly Varden	Lake trout	Arctic grayling	Round whitefish	Humpback whitefish	Whitefish spp.	Salmonid spp.	Burbot	Longnose sucker	Slimy sculpin	Sculpin spp.	Totals
Mainstem Susitna	30	203				195	4				4	21	44	151	417
Tributary Plume ¹	12	105				159	3			2	1		36	112	313
Tributary	184	715	37	210		241				13		3	285	902	1,691
Lake	1	12													0
TOTALS	215	929	37	210	0	436	4	0	0	15	4	24	329	1053	2,122

¹ Note that Tributary Plume Habitat is part of mainstem habitat and is included in the mainstem total as well. It is shown here for extra detail.

Electrofishing an Unnamed Tributary



Fyke Netting an Unnamed Lake



Sampling in the Field

Clockwise from top left: juvenile Chinook salmon, Dolly Varden, juvenile round whitefish, juvenile Arctic grayling









Questions?

